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SECTION H—SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

H-1 Reserved

H-2 Reserved

H-3 Confidentiality of Information

- (a) To the extent that the work under this contract requires that the Contractor be given access to confidential or proprietary business, technical, or financial information belonging to the Government or other companies, the Contractor shall after receipt thereof, treat such information as confidential and agrees not to appropriate such information to its own use or to disclose such information to third parties unless specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer in writing. The foregoing obligations, however, shall not apply to:
- (1) Information which, at the time of receipt by the Contractor, is in the public domain;
 - (2) Information which is published after receipt thereof by the Contractor or otherwise becomes part of the public domain through no fault of the Contractor;
 - (3) Information which the Contractor can demonstrate was in its possession at the time of receipt thereof and was not acquired directly or indirectly from the Government or other companies;
 - (4) Information which the Contractor can demonstrate was received by it from a third party who did not require the Contractor to hold it in confidence.
- (b) The Contractor shall obtain the written agreement, in a form satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, of each employee permitted access, whereby the employee agrees that he will not discuss, divulge or disclose any such information or data to any

person or entity except those persons within the Contractor's organization directly concerned with the performance of the contract.

- (c) The Contractor agrees, if requested by the Government, to sign an agreement identical, in all material respects, to the provisions of this clause, with each company supplying information to the Contractor under this contract, and to supply a copy of such agreement to the Contracting Officer.
- (d) The Contractor agrees that upon request by DOE it will execute a DOE-approved agreement with any party whose facilities or proprietary data it is given access to or is furnished, restricting use and disclosure of the data or the information obtained from the facilities. Upon request by DOE, such an agreement shall also be signed by Contractor personnel.
- (e) This clause shall flow down to all appropriate subcontracts.

H-4 Service Contract Act of 1965 (41 USC 351)

The Service Contract Act of 1965 is not applicable to this contract. However, in accordance with Section I Clause entitled "DEAR 970.5244-1 – Contractor Purchasing System", subcontracts awarded by the Contractor are subject to the Act to the same extent and under the same conditions as contracts awarded by DOE. The Contractor and the Contracting Officer shall develop a procedure whereby DOE will determine if the Service Contract Act is applicable to particular subcontracts. In cases determined to be covered by the Service Contract Act, the Contractor shall prepare SF-98 and 98A "Notice of Intention to Make a Service Contract" (or documentation considered equivalent by the Contracting Officer) and forward it to the Contracting Officer or his designee to obtain a wage determination.

H-5 Corporate Home Office Expenses

No corporate home office expense of the Contractor shall be allowable under this contract without the prior approval of the Contracting Officer and consistent with the requirements set forth in Acquisition Letter AL-2012-04, dated October 13, 2011.

H-6 Assignment and Administration of Subcontracts

- (a) Assignment of DOE Prime Contracts. During the period of performance of this Contract, it may become necessary for the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) to transfer and assign work scope from existing or future DOE prime contracts that specifically supports ORNL site work to this contract. The Contractor shall accept the transfers and assignments of work that is within the general scope of the contract. Any concerns, recommendations and/or suggestions regarding individual transfers or assignments directed by DOE shall be submitted in writing to the Contracting Officer prior to the transfer or assignment.
- (b) Administration of Subcontracts. The administration of all subcontracts entered into and/or managed by the Contractor, including responsibility for payment hereunder, shall remain with the Contractor. The Government reserves the right at any time to require that the Contractor submit any or all other contractual arrangements, including but not limited to purchase orders or classes of purchase orders, for approval, and provide information concerning methods, practices, and procedures used or proposed to be used in subcontracting and purchasing. Subcontracts and purchase orders shall be made in the name of the Contractor, shall not bind nor purport to bind the Government, shall not relieve the Contractor of any obligation under this contract (including, among other things, the obligation to properly supervise and coordinate the work of subcontractors), and shall be in such form and contain such provisions as are required by this contract or as the Contracting Officer may prescribe. Any consent by the Contracting Officer to the placement of subcontracts shall not be construed to create subcontractor privity of contract with the Government.

H-7 DOE-H-1062 Separate Corporate Entity (July 2011)

The Contractor under this Contract shall be a separate corporate entity from its parent company(s). The separate corporate entity may be a partnership or joint venture. The separate corporate entity must be set up solely to perform this Contract, and shall be totally responsible for all Contract activities. The separate corporate entity shall perform no other commercial work or work for other Government agencies except as may be authorized under the terms of this contract. The Contractor shall not utilize or otherwise divert contract employees to other corporate work except as may be authorized under the terms of the contract or as otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

H-8 DOE-H-1063 Performance Guarantee Agreement (July 2011)

The Contractor's parent organization(s) or all member organizations if the Contractor is a joint venture, limited liability company, or other similar entity, shall guarantee performance of the contract as evidenced by the Performance Guarantee Agreement incorporated in the contract in Section J, Attachment C. If the Contractor is a joint venture, limited liability company, or other similar entity where more than one organization is involved, the parent(s) or all member organizations shall assume joint and severable liability for the performance of the contract. In the event any of the signatories to the Performance Guarantee Agreement enters into proceedings related to bankruptcy, whether voluntary or involuntary, the Contractor agrees to furnish written notification of the bankruptcy to the Contracting Officer.

H-9 Responsible Corporate Official

Notwithstanding the provisions of the clause in Section H entitled, *Performance Guarantee Agreement*, the Government may contact, as necessary, the single responsible corporate official identified below, who is at a level above the Contractor and who is accountable for the performance of the Contractor, regarding Contractor performance issues. Should the responsible corporate official change during the period of the contract, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Government of the change in the individual to contact.

Name: Dr. Jeffrey Wadsworth
Position: President and Chief Executive Officer
Organization: Battelle Memorial Institute
Address: 505 King Avenue
Columbus, Ohio 43201-2693

H-10 Permits, Applications, Licenses, and Other Regulatory Documents

- (a) Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor must obtain any licenses, permits, other approvals or authorizations for conducting all activities under the contract. The Contractor is responsible for complying with all permits, licenses, certifications, authorizations and approvals from federal, state, and local regulatory

agencies that are necessary for operations under this contract (hereinafter referred to collectively as 'permits'). Except as specifically provided in the section and to the extent not prohibited by law or cognizant regulatory authority, the Contractor (or, if applicable, its subcontractors) will be the sole applicant for any such permits required for its activities. The Contractor must take all appropriate actions to obtain transfer of existing permits, and DOE will use all reasonable means to facilitate transfer of existing permits. If DOE determines it is appropriate or if DOE is required by cognizant regulatory authority to sign permit applications, DOE may elect to sign as owner or similar designation, but the Contractor (or, if applicable, its subcontractors) must also sign as operator or similar designation reflecting its responsibility under the permit unless DOE waives this requirement in writing.

- (b) Unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor must submit to DOE for DOE's review and comment all permit applications, reports or other documents required to be submitted to cognizant regulatory authorities. Such draft documents must be provided to DOE within a time frame, identified by DOE, sufficient to allow DOE substantive review and comment; and DOE will perform such substantive review and comment within such time frame. When providing DOE with documents that are to be signed or co-signed by DOE, the Contractor will accompany such document with a certification statement, signed by the appropriate Contractor corporate officer, attesting to DOE that the document has been prepared in accordance with all applicable requirements and the information is, to the best of its knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete.
- (c) Except as specifically provided in this clause and to the extent not prohibited by law or cognizant regulator authority, the Contractor (or, if applicable, its subcontractors) will be the signatory for reports, hazardous waste manifests, and other similar documents required under environmental permits or applicable environmental laws and regulations.
- (d) DOE agrees that if bonds, insurance, or administrative fees are required as a condition for such permits, such costs shall be allowable. In the event that such costs are determined by DOE to be excessive or unreasonable, DOE shall provide the regulatory agency with an acceptable form of financial responsibility. Under no

circumstances shall the Contractor or its parent be required to provide any corporate resources or corporate guarantees to satisfy such regulatory requirements.

- (e) In the event of termination or expiration of this contract, DOE will require the new Contractor to accept transfer of all environmental permits executed by the Contractor, or DOE will accept responsibility for such permits and the Contractor shall be relieved of all future liability and responsibility resulting from the acts or omissions of the successor Contractor or DOE.

H-11 Contractor Acceptance of Notices of Violation or Alleged Violations, Fines, and Penalties

- (a) The Contractor shall accept, in its own name, services of notices of violations or alleged violations (NOVs/NOAVs) issued by Federal or state regulators to the Contractor resulting from the Contractor's performance of work under this contract, without regard to liability. The allowability of the costs associated with fines and penalties shall be subject to the other provisions of this Contract.
- (b) With advance notice given to DOE, the Contractor shall conduct negotiations with regulators regarding NOVs/NOAVs and fines and penalties issued in its own name; however, the Contractor shall not make any commitments or offers to regulators that would bind the Government, including monetary obligations, without receiving written concurrence from the Contracting Officer or his/her authorized representative prior to making any such offers/commitments. Failure to obtain such advance written approval may result in otherwise allowable costs being declared unallowable and/or the Contractor being liable for any excess costs to the Government associated with or resulting from such offers/commitments.
- (c) The Contractor shall notify DOE promptly when it receives service from the regulators of NOVs/NOAVs and fines and penalties.

H-12 Allocation of Responsibilities for Contractor Environmental Compliance Activities

- (a) This clause allocates the responsibilities of DOE and the Contractor, referred to collectively as the “parties” for implementing the environmental requirements at facilities within the scope of the contract. In this clause, the term “environmental requirements” means requirements imposed by applicable Federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations, including, without limitation, statutes, ordinances, regulations, court orders, consent decrees, administrative orders or compliance agreements, consent orders, permits, and licenses.
- (b) Liability and responsibility for civil fines or penalties arising from or related to violations of environmental requirements shall be borne by the party that caused the violation irrespective of the fact that the cognizant regulatory authority may assess any such fine or penalty upon either party or both parties without regard to the allocation of responsibility or liability under this contract. This contractual allocation of liability for any such fine or penalty is effective regardless of which party signs permit applications, manifests, reports or other required documents, is a permittee, or is the named subject of an enforcement action or assessment of a fine or penalty.
- (c) Regardless of which party to this contract is the named subject of an enforcement action for noncompliance with environmental requirements by the cognizant regulatory authority, liability for payment of any fine or penalty will be governed by provisions of this contract related to allowable costs. If the named subject of an enforcement action or assessment of a fine or penalty is DOE and the fine or penalty would not otherwise be reimbursable under the allowable cost and preexisting conditions provisions of this contract if the Contractor was the named subject of the enforcement action, the Contractor will either pay the fine or penalty or reimburse the DOE (if DOE pays the fine or penalty). The governing provisions of the contract include, without limitation, paragraph (a) of the clauses in Section I entitled *Pre-Existing Conditions*.

H-13 Reserved

H-14 Withdrawal of Work

- (a) The Contracting Officer reserves the right to have any of the work contemplated by Section C, Descriptions/Specifications/Work Statement, of this contract performed by either another contractor or to have the work performed by Government employees.
- (b) Work may be withdrawn: (1) in order for the Government to conduct pilot programs; (2) if the Contractor's estimated cost of the work is considered unreasonable; (3) for less than satisfactory performance by the Contractor; or, (4) for any other reason deemed by the Contracting Officer to be in the best interests of the Government.
- (c) If any work is withdrawn by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor agrees to fully cooperate with the new performing entity and to provide whatever support is required.

H-15 Contractor Assurance System (Dec 2009)

- (a) The Contractor shall develop a contractor assurance system that is executed by the Contractor's Board of Directors (or equivalent corporate oversight entity) and implemented throughout the Contractor's organization. This system provides reasonable assurance that the objectives of the Contractor management systems are being accomplished and that the systems and controls will be effective and efficient. The contractor assurance system, at a minimum, shall include the following key attributes:
 - (1) A comprehensive description of the assurance system with processes, key activities, and accountabilities clearly identified.
 - (2) A method for verifying/ensuring effective assurance system processes. Third party audits, peer reviews, independent assessments, and external certification (such as VPP and ISO 9001 or ISO 14001) may be used.
 - (3) Timely notification to the Contracting Officer of significant assurance system changes prior to the changes.
 - (4) Rigorous, risk-based, credible self-assessments, and feedback and improvement activities, including utilization of nationally recognized experts, and other independent reviews to assess and improve the Contractor's work process and to carry out independent risk and vulnerability studies.
 - (5) Identification and correction of negative performance/compliance trends

- before they become significant issues.
- (6) Integration of the assurance system with other management systems including Integrated Safety Management.
 - (7) Metrics and targets to assess performance, including benchmarking of key functional areas with other DOE contractors, industry and research institutions. Assure development of metrics and targets that result in efficient and cost effective performance.
 - (8) Continuous feedback and performance improvement.
 - (9) An implementation plan (if needed) that considers and mitigates risks.
 - (10) Timely and appropriate communication to the Contracting Officer, including electronic access, of assurance related information.

The initial contractor assurance system description shall be approved by the Contracting Officer.

- (b) The Government may revise its level and/or mix of oversight of this contract when the Contracting Officer determines that the assurance system is or is not operating effectively.

H-16 Implementation of FAR Subpart 39.1

All information technology acquisitions shall include the appropriate information technology security policies and requirements, including use of common security configurations available from the National Institute of Standards and Technology's website at <http://checklists.nist.gov> commensurate with the mission of the contract and conducive to the research and development efforts of the laboratory. This requirement shall be included in all subcontracts which are for information technology acquisitions; and the Laboratory CIO shall annually certify to the DOE Site Office Contracting Officer that this requirement is being incorporated into information technology acquisitions.

H-17 Multifactor Authentication for DOE Information Systems (Jun 2016)

The Contractor shall take actions to achieve multifactor authentication (MFA) for standard and privileged user accounts of all classified and unclassified networks by September 30,

2016. Any delays that are due to DOE's failure to provide adequate Government Furnished Equipment in a timely manner will be taken into account in assessing the accomplishment of this requirements.

H-18 Privacy Act System of Records

To the extent that the Contractor maintains Government-owned records in the performance of this contract that constitutes a Privacy Act System of Records as defined in the Department of Energy's most current Privacy Act System Notice published in the Federal Register on or after January 9, 2009, the Contractor shall maintain the records in accordance with the clause of this contract entitled Privacy Act.

H-19 Determination of Appropriate Labor Standards

DOE shall determine the appropriate labor standards, in accordance with the Service Contract Act, the Davis-Bacon Act, or other applicable labor laws which shall apply to work performed under this contract. The Contractor shall provide such information in the form and time frame required by DOE, as may be necessary for DOE to make such labor standards determinations. The Contractor will then be responsible for ensuring that the appropriate labor standards provisions are included in subcontracts, and for obtaining and applying the appropriate wage determinations.

H-20 Application of Labor Policies and Practices

The Contractor agrees to conduct its labor relations program in accordance with DOE's intent that labor policies and practices reflect the best experience of American industry in aiming to achieve the type of stable labor-management relations essential to the successful accomplishment of DOE's programs at reasonable cost. Collective bargaining will be left to the orderly processes of negotiation and agreement between Contractor management and certified employee representatives with maximum possible freedom from Government involvement consistent with the requirements of FAR, Subpart 22.1 and DEAR, Subpart 970.2201 and all applicable Federal and State Labor Relations laws. For working on DOE facilities and programs critical to the National interest, Contractor management's

responsibility includes the duty to adopt practices which are fundamental to the friendly adjustment of disputes, and which experience has shown promote orderly collective bargaining relationships.

H-21 DOE-H-1067 Price Anderson Amendments Act Noncompliance (July 2011)

The Contractor shall establish an internal Price-Anderson Amendments Act (PAAA) noncompliance identification, tracking, and corrective action system and shall provide access to and fully support DOE reviews of the system. The Contractor shall also implement a Price- Anderson Amendments Act reporting process which meets applicable DOE standards. The Contractor shall be accountable for ensuring that subcontractors adhere to these requirements.

H-22 Nuclear Facility Safety

The activities under this contract include the operation of nuclear facilities as defined by 10 CFR § 830 Subpart B. The Contractor recognizes that such operation involves the risk of a nuclear incident which, while the chances are remote, could adversely affect the public health and safety as well as the environment. Therefore, the Contractor shall exercise a degree of care commensurate with the risk involved.

H-23 Defense Nuclear Facility Safety Board

The Contractor shall support preparation of DOE responses to DNFSB issues and recommendations, as applicable, which affect or can affect contract work. Based on Contracting Officer's Representative direction, the Contractor shall fully cooperate with the DNFSB and provide access to such work areas, personnel, and information as necessary.

H-24 Additional Labor Requirements

The Contractor shall conduct payroll and job-site audits and conduct investigations of complaints as authorized by DOE on all Davis-Bacon Act activity, including any

subcontracts, as may be necessary to determine compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act. Where violations are found, the Laboratory shall report them to DOE Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer may require that the Contractor assist in the determination of the amount of restitution and withholding of funds from a subcontractor so that sufficient funds are withheld to provide restitution for back wages due for workers inappropriately classified and paid, fringe benefits owed, overtime payments due, and liquidated damages assessed.

H-25 REAL PROPERTY ASSET MANAGEMENT

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with Departmental requirements and guidance involving the acquisition, management, maintenance, disposition, or disposal of real property assets to ensure that real property assets are available, utilized, and in a suitable condition to accomplish DOE's missions in a safe, secure, sustainable, and cost-effective manner. Contractors shall meet these functional requirements through tailoring of their business processes and management practices, and use of standard industry practices and standards as applicable. The contractor shall flow down these requirements to subcontracts at any tier to the extent necessary to ensure the contractor's compliance with the requirements.
- (b) Contractor shall:
 - (1) Submit all real estate actions to acquire, utilize, and dispose of real property assets to DOE for review and approval and maintain complete and current real estate records.
 - (2) Perform physical condition and functional utilization assessments on each real property assets at least once every five-year period or at another risk-based interval as approved by SC-1 based on industry leading practices, voluntary consensus standards, and customary commercial practices.
 - (3) Establish a maintenance management program including: a computerized maintenance management system (CMMS); a condition assessment system; a master equipment list; maintenance service levels; a method to determine for each asset the minimum acceptable level of condition; methods for categorizing deficiencies as either deferred maintenance and repair (DM) or repair needs; management of the DM backlog; a method to prioritize maintenance work; and a mechanism to track direct and indirect funded expenditures for maintenance, repair, and renovation at the asset level.

- (4) Maintain Facilities Information Management System (FIMS) data and records for all lands, buildings, trailers, and other structures and facilities. FIMS data must be current and verified annually.

H-26 Corporate Citizenship

- (a) The Contractor is expected to be a good corporate citizen and partner with the community in which the Contractor performs its work. Corporate citizenship entails active company and employee involvement in both financial and nonfinancial ways in local area educational, cultural, civic, health and welfare organizations, etc.
- (b) The cost associated with the Contractor's efforts in achieving its corporate citizenship commitment under this clause is not an allowable cost under this contract.

H-27 Contractor Compensation, Benefits, and Pension

- (a) Removed and Reserved.
- (b) Labor Relations
 - (1) The Contractor shall respect the right of employees to organize and to form, join, or assist labor organizations, to bargain collectively through their chosen labor representatives, to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection, and to refrain from any or all of these activities.
 - (2) The Contractor shall meet with the Contracting Officer or designee(s) for the purpose of reviewing and obtaining approval of the Contractor's bargaining parameters prior to negotiations of any collective bargaining agreement or revision thereto. During the collective bargaining process, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer before submitting or agreeing to any collective bargaining proposal which is outside of the agreed upon bargaining parameters and can be calculated to affect allowable costs under this contract or which could involve other items of special interest to the Government. During the collective bargaining process, the Contractor shall obtain the approval of the Contracting

Officer before proposing or agreeing to changes in any pension or retirement income plans or to any welfare benefit plans if these changes are outside of the agreed upon bargaining parameters.

- (3) The Contractor will notify the Contracting Officer or designee in a timely fashion of all labor relations issues and matters of local interest including organizing initiatives, unfair labor practice, any charges or petitions filed or proposed to be filed, work stoppages, picketing, labor arbitrations, and settlement agreements and will furnish such additional information as may be required from time to time by the Contracting Officer.
- (4) Provide the Contracting Officer with a “Report of Settlement” after ratification of a collective bargaining agreement by accessing the Labor Relations Module in iBenefits, or its successor system, during the next open quarter.

H-28 Control of Nuclear Materials

Except as otherwise authorized by DOE line management, nuclear materials in the Contractor’s possession, custody, or control shall be used only for the furtherance of the work under this contract.

H-29 Unclassified Controlled Nuclear Information/Export Controlled Information

Documents, information, and/or equipment originated by the Contractor or furnished by the Government to the Contractor in connection with this contract may contain Unclassified Controlled Nuclear Information and/or Export Controlled Information as determined pursuant to Section 148 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, DOE Directives, and U.S. laws and regulations. The Contractor shall be responsible for protecting such documents, information, and/or equipment from unauthorized dissemination in accordance with DOE regulations, requirements and instructions.

H-30 Service Agreements with Other DOE Prime Contractors

In order to provide a net benefit to the government, the Contractor may elect to provide services to and/or obtain services from other DOE prime contractors in the performance of their respective responsibilities. When services are obtained under this article, the contractor shall maintain accountability and control of the work and shall execute agreements for the conduct of work with other prime contractors, as appropriate.

H-31 ORNL Advisory Board

In collaboration with DOE, the Contractor shall establish and maintain a high-level, broadly based Advisory Board to ensure that it receives independent scientific, technical, and management guidance and overview on the performance of the Contractor. The Contractor shall consult with DOE on the development or modification of a charter for the Board and report to the COR results from Advisory Board meetings. The Board shall include nationally prominent representatives from the academic community and from industry chosen for their diverse scientific and management skills and broad perspectives. Consistent with the provisions of the contract, the Board shall be responsible to the Contractor and shall provide overview and guidance concerning the performance of the Contractor relating to organization, planning, and program evaluation. In addition, the Board shall review and provide guidance to cooperative programs with universities, industry and other agencies, R&D emphasis and priority, and other appropriate issues to help ensure that ORNL continues to be a leading national R&D center of the highest quality.

H-32 Reserved

H-33 Prohibition of Funding for Certain Nondisclosure Agreements

The Contractor agrees that:

- (a) No cost associated with implementation or enforcement of nondisclosure policies, forms or agreements shall be allowable under this contract if such policies, forms or agreements do not contain the following provisions: “These provisions are consistent with and do not supersede, conflict with, or otherwise alter the employee obligations, rights, or liabilities created by existing statute or Executive order relating to (1) classified information, (2) communications to Congress, (3) the reporting to an Inspector General of a violation of any law, rule, or regulation, or mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial and

specific danger to public health or safety, or (4) any other whistleblower protection. The definitions, requirements, obligations, rights, sanctions, and liabilities created by controlling Executive orders and statutory provisions are incorporated into this agreement and are controlling.’’

- (b) The limitation above shall not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312, Form 4414, or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), a nondisclosure or confidentiality policy form or agreement that is to be executed by a person connected with the conduct of an intelligence or intelligence-related activity, other than an employee or officer of the United States Government, may contain provisions appropriate to the particular activity for which such document is to be used. Such form or agreement shall, at a minimum, require that the person will not disclose any classified information received in the course of such activity unless specifically authorized to do so by the United States Government. Such nondisclosure or confidentiality forms shall also make it clear that they do not bar disclosures to Congress, or to an authorized official of an executive agency or the Department of Justice, that are essential to reporting a substantial violation of law.

H-34 Lobbying Restriction

The Contractor agrees that none of the funds obligated on this award shall be expended, directly or indirectly, to influence congressional action on any legislation or appropriation matters pending before Congress, other than to communicate to Members of Congress as described in 18 U.S.C. § 1913. This restriction is in addition to those prescribed elsewhere in statute and regulation.

H-35 Standards of Contractor Performance Evaluation

Performance expectations encompassing Section C-4, Statement of Work (SOW), are mutually defined on an annual basis in the *Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan* consistent with Section C-3, Performance Goals, Objectives, and Notable Outcomes.

- (a) Use of objective standards of performance, self-assessment and performance evaluation:

- (1) The Parties agree that the Contractor will utilize a comprehensive performance-based management approach for overall Laboratory management. The performance-based management approach will include the use of objective performance goals and indicators, agreed to in advance of each performance evaluation period, as standards against which the Contractor's overall performance of the scientific and technical mission obligations under this Contract will be assessed. The performance criteria will be limited in number and focus on results to drive improved performance and increased effective and efficient management of the Laboratory.
- (2) The Parties agree to utilize the process described within Part III, Section J, Appendix G - "Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan" (PEMP) to evaluate the performance of the Laboratory. The Parties further agree that the evaluation process described in Appendix G will be reviewed annually and modified, if necessary, by agreement of the Parties. If agreement of the Parties cannot be reached, the Contracting Officer has the unilateral right to establish the evaluation process.
- (3) The Parties agree that the Contractor will conduct an ongoing self-assessment process as the principal means of determining its compliance with the Contract Statement of Work and performance indicators identified within Part III, Section J, Appendix G. To assist the DOE in accomplishing the appropriate level of oversight, the Contractor shall work in partnership and cooperation with DOE and other external organization, as appropriate, in the self-assessment process. This work includes, but is not limited to, the development and execution of self-assessments and the utilization of the results for continuous improvement.
- (4) The Contractor shall provide periodic updates, as requested by the DOE, on the performance against the Appendix G. The Contractor shall provide a formal status briefing at mid-year and year-end. Specific due dates and formats for the above-mentioned briefings shall be agreed to by the Laboratory Director and the DOE Oak Ridge National Laboratory Site Office Manager.

- (5) DOE, as a part of its responsibility for oversight, evaluation, and information exchange, shall provide an annual programmatic appraisal and other appraisals, and reviews of the Contractor's performance of authorized work in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract. The Office of Science, through the DOE Oak Ridge National Laboratory Site Office Manager, has the lead responsibility for oversight of the programs and activities conducted by the Contractor.

- (6) The Contracting Officer shall annually provide a written assessment of the Laboratory's performance to the Contractor, which shall be based upon the process described in Appendix G. The Parties acknowledge that the performance levels achieved against the specific performance objectives and measures shall be the primary, but not sole, criteria for determining the Contractor's final performance evaluation and rating. The Contractor's self-assessment results, to include results of any third party reviews which may have been conducted during the evaluation period, will be considered at all levels to assess and evaluate the Contractor's performance. The Contracting Officer may also consider other relevant information not specifically measured by the objectives and measures established within Appendix G that is deemed to have an impact (either positive or negative) on the Contractor's performance. Other relevant information that may be used by the Contracting Officer may include, but is not limited to, information gained from peer reviews, operational awareness, outside agency reviews (i.e., Office of Inspector General (OIG), Government Accountability Office (GAO), Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA), etc.) conducted throughout the year, annual reviews (if needed), and DOE "for cause" reviews. Contractor success in meeting or exceeding performance expectations in a particular management or operations functional area may be rewarded with less frequent – or no – review of the functional area. Conversely, marginal performance or "for cause" situations may result in more frequent reviews.

(b) Standards of performance measure review:

- (1) The Parties agree to review the PEMP elements (goals, objectives, performance indicators, and expected levels of performance) contained in

Appendix G annually and to modify them upon the agreement of the Parties; provided, however, that if the Parties cannot reach agreement on all the goals, objectives, performance indicators, and expected levels of performance for the next period, the Contracting Officer shall have the unilateral right to establish reasonable new goals, objectives, performance indicators and expected levels of performance and/or to modify and/or delete existing goals, objectives, performance indicators, and expected levels of performance. It is expected that the goals, objectives, performance indicators, and expected levels of performance will be modified by the Contractor and the DOE as new areas of emphasis or priorities emerge which the Parties may agree warrant recognition in the performance-based integrated management approach.

- (2) Failure to include an objective or performance indicator in the contract Appendix G does not eliminate the Contractor's obligation to comply with all applicable terms and conditions as set forth elsewhere within the contract.

(c) DOE Quality Assurance Surveillance Plan

DOE's Quality Assurance Surveillance Plan (QASP) for evaluating the Contractor's performance under the contract shall consist primarily of the PEMP as called for within the Part II, Section I (I.120 DEAR 970.5203-1). The QASP establishes the process DOE shall use to ensure that the Contractor has performed in accordance with the performance standards and expectations and acceptable quality levels for each task, describes how performance will be monitored and measured; describes how the results will be evaluated; and states how the results will affect contract payment.

H-36 Limitation on Liability

As the Contractor is a non-profit organization, the following provision shall apply:

- (a) The Contractor's liability for certain obligations, which it has assumed under this contract, shall be limited as set forth in paragraph (b) below. These limitations shall

apply only to obligations the Contractor has assumed pursuant to the following provisions:

- (1) Section I, Clause 970.5228 entitled, *Insurance-Litigation and Claims* (Jul 2013), paragraphs (f)(1)(iii)(C) and (g)(2), except for punitive damages resulting from the Contractor managerial personnel's willful misconduct or lack of good faith.
 - (2) Section I, Clause 970.5245-1 entitled, *Property* (Jan 2013) Alternate I (Jan 2013), paragraph (f)(1)(i)(C).
- (b) The Contractor shall be liable for an amount not to exceed 1.25 times the maximum fee available for each fiscal year in accordance with the provisions of the clauses in Section B which reflect the parties' agreement as to available fee. The amount of the Contractor's liability shall be calculated on a cumulative, per fiscal year basis. The annual cap that will apply shall be based on the fiscal year in which the Contractor's act or failure to act was the proximate cause of the liability assumed by the Contractor pursuant to the provisions of the Clauses identified above. In the event the Contractor's act or failure to act overlaps more than one period, the limitation will be the annual limitation for the last fiscal year in which the Contractor's act or failure to act occurred. If the Contractor's cumulative obligations equal the amount of the annual limitation of liability, the Contractor shall have no further responsibility for the costs of the liabilities it has assumed pursuant to (a)(1) through (3) above; and all costs in excess of the limitation of liability shall be borne by the Government.

H-37 Non-Federal Agreements for Commercializing Technology (Pilot)

This Clause implements a PILOT program for a new technology transfer mechanism, Agreements for Commercialization of Technology (ACT). In accordance with the requirements specified in this Clause, the Contractor may conduct privately-sponsored research at the Contractor's risk for third parties. In performing ACT work, the Contractor may use staff and other resources associated with this Contract for the purposes of conducting research and furthering the technology transfer mission of the Department, on the condition that such use does not interfere with Contractor's activities conducted as authorized by other parts of this Contract. The resources that may be used include Government-owned

or leased facilities, equipment, or other property that is either in Contractor's custody or available to the Contractor under this Contract (unless specifically excluded by the Contracting Officer). For Contractor's activities conducted under authority of this Clause, the Contractor shall provide full-cost recovery, assume indemnification and liability as provided in Paragraph 9, below, and may assume other risks normally borne by private parties sponsoring research at the Laboratory. In exchange for accepting such risks, or for other private consideration provided by the Contractor, the Contractor is authorized to negotiate separate agreements (ACT agreements) with the sponsoring third parties. Under ACT agreements, the Contractor may charge those parties additional compensation beyond the direct costs of the work at the Laboratory. Any statement of work involving Federal funds or falling within the scope of a Federally-funded contract or award (other than this Contract) shall not be eligible for an ACT transaction.

DOE and the Contractor recognize that implementation of ACT under this Clause is a PILOT program authorized by the Department and that during the PILOT either party may suggest changes to the program based on the experiences gained. Furthermore, the Contractor recognizes that the Department may decide to end the PILOT at any time and that termination of the PILOT by the Department will be in accordance with Paragraph 12, below.

1. *Authority to Perform work under this Clause.* Pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) and other applicable authorities, the Contractor may perform work for non-federal entities, in accordance with the requirements of this Clause.
2. *Contractor's Implementation.* The Contractor must draft, implement, and maintain formal policies, practices, and procedures in accordance with this Clause, which must be approved by the Contracting Officer, and such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.
3. *Conditions for Participation in ACT.* The Contractor:
 - a. Must not perform ACT activities that would place it in direct competition with the private sector;

- b. May only conduct work under this Clause if the work does not interfere with or adversely affect projects and programs the Contractor conducts on behalf of the Government under this Contract, and complies with FFRDC requirements applicable to the Facility. If the Government determines that an activity conducted under this Clause interferes with the Department's work under the Contract, or that termination/stay/suspension of work under an ACT agreement is in the best interest of the Government, the Contractor must stop the interfering ACT work immediately to the extent necessary to resolve the interference. At any time, the Contracting Officer may require the use of specified Government-owned or leased property and facilities for the exclusive use of the Facility's mission by providing a written notice excluding said property from the Contractor's activities under this Clause. Any cost incurred as a result of Contracting Officer decisions identified in this subparagraph shall be borne by the Contractor. The Contracting Officer shall provide to the Contractor in writing its decision, identifying the issues and reasons for the decisions. The Contractor shall be provided with a reasonable opportunity to address and resolve the issues identified by the Contracting Officer;
- c. Except as otherwise excluded in this Clause, must perform all ACT activities in accordance with the standards, policies, and procedures that apply to performance under this Contract, including but not limited to environmental, safety and health, security, safeguards and classification procedures, and human and animal research regulations;
- d. Contractor must utilize its standard Laboratory subcontracting procedures for any work subcontracted by the Laboratory under the Contract. Otherwise, the Contractor may subcontract ACT work scope that is not performed under the Contract using commercially reasonable subcontracting practices and terms. Costs for performing such subcontracting activities outside the scope of the Contract are not reimbursable under the Contract;
- e. Must make available to DOE a summary of project information for each active ACT project, consisting of: total estimated costs; project title and description; project point of contact; and, estimated start and completion dates;

- f. Is responsible for addressing the following items in ACT agreements as appropriate, as they are in non-federal WFO agreements: disposition of property acquired under the agreement, export control, notice of intellectual property infringement, and a statement that the Government and/or Contractor shall have the right to perform similar services in the Statement of Work for other Parties as otherwise authorized by this Contract subject to applicable data restrictions;
- g. Must include a standard legal disclaimer notice on all publications generated under ACT activities. Each DOE contractor has its own pre-approved publications statement, and this should be used; and
- h. Must insert the following disclaimer in each agreement under ACT, which must be conspicuous (e.g. bold type, all capital letters, or large font) in all Agreements under ACT so as to meet the standards of due notice.

DISCLAIMER

THIS AGREEMENT IS SOLELY BETWEEN [INSERT NAME OF CONTRACTOR] ACTING IN A PRIVATE CAPACITY AND [THE OTHER IDENTIFIED PARTY(IES)]. THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT IS **NOT** A PARTY TO THIS AGREEMENT, THIS AGREEMENT DOES NOT CREATE ANY OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITY ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT AND THE GOVERNMENT MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY AS TO THE CONDITIONS OF THE RESEARCH OR ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, GENERATED INFORMATION, OR PRODUCT MADE OR DEVELOPED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, OR THE OWNERSHIP, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE RESEARCH OR RESULTING PRODUCT; THAT THE GOODS, SERVICES, MATERIALS, PRODUCTS, PROCESSES, INFORMATION, OR DATA TO BE FURNISHED HEREUNDER WILL ACCOMPLISH INTENDED RESULTS OR ARE SAFE FOR ANY PURPOSE INCLUDING THE INTENDED PURPOSE; OR THAT ANY OF THE ABOVE WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH PRIVATELY OWNED RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THE GOVERNMENT SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES ATTRIBUTED TO SUCH RESEARCH OR RESULTING PRODUCT, INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, GENERATED INFORMATION, OR PRODUCT MADE OR DELIVERED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT. THIS DISCLAIMER

DOES NOT AFFECT ANY RIGHTS THE GOVERNMENT MAY HAVE AGAINST THIRD PARTIES ARISING FROM WORK CONDUCTED IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT.

4. *Contracting Authority.*

- a. Subject to DOE approval as described in this Paragraph, the Contractor is hereby authorized to negotiate terms and conditions between the Contractor and third parties when entering into ACT agreements. The Contractor will have no authority to bind the Government in any way with such terms and conditions. The Government will have no obligation to the Contractor due to such terms and conditions.
- b. The Contractor shall submit an ACT proposal package (Package) to the Contracting Officer for approval prior to beginning work under an ACT Agreement.
 - i. A complete Package will include at a minimum: the identity of the parties to the ACT Agreement; the principal place of performance; any foreign ownership or control of the ACT Agreement parties; a Statement of Work; an estimate of costs incurred under the Contract; an anticipated schedule; identification of key Government equipment and facilities that will be used under the ACT Agreement; a list of expected deliverables; identification of the IP Lead and proposed selection of IP rights, as defined in DOE Class Waiver W(C)-2011-013; a signed certification by the private party(ies) that the Contractor offered the option to use CRADA and WFO alternatives (see Paragraph 7a) sufficiently that the private parties are aware of the relative costs and other differences between the ACT agreement and the CRADA and WFO alternatives; source of funds, including a statement that no Federal funds, including pass-through funds received as a subcontractor or partner, are being utilized to fund the agreement; applicable ES&H and NEPA documentation; a statement of consideration, summarizing the risk and/or consideration offered the private participants in exchange for charging beyond full cost recovery or for other compensation provided by the participants; and when multiple third parties are parties to the ACT Agreement, or otherwise requested by the Contracting Officer, an IP Management Plan that sets forth the proposed disposition of IP rights, and income and royalty sharing, among the parties to an ACT agreement.

- ii. If the Contractor, Contractor's parent, member, subsidiary, or other entity in which the Contractor, Contractor's parent, member or subsidiary has an equity interest, is a party to the ACT Agreement, the Contractor shall include as necessary a project-specific addendum to the Master OCI Plan in the Package to address special circumstances not fully anticipated in the prior approved Master OCI Plan (see Paragraph 7).
- iii. If the ACT Agreement includes a foreign entity as a party or the statement of work includes the use of human subjects, animal subjects, classified or sensitive subject matter or describes a work scope involving high risks or hazards including environmental issues, the Contractor shall include additional information as necessary or as requested by the Contracting Officer.
- c. The Contracting Officer shall use reasonable best efforts to review each complete Package submitted by the Contractor under subparagraph b. of this Paragraph within ten (10) business days of receiving the Package and provide the Contractor with approval or non-approval of the Package. The review of the complete Package by the Contracting Officer shall include a determination that the proposed work: (1) is consistent with or complementary to DOE missions and the missions of the Facility; (2) will not adversely impact programs assigned to the Facility; (3) will not place the Facility in direct competition with the domestic private sector; and (4) will not create a detrimental future burden on DOE resources.
- d. Except as conditionally allowed under subparagraph i. below, the Contracting Officer must approve the Package before the Contractor may begin work under the proposed ACT Agreement. If the Contracting Officer rejects the Package then the Contracting Officer must provide said rejection to the Contractor in writing including the reasons for the rejection. Upon receipt of the Contracting Officer's written rejection, the Contractor agrees to not further pursue the work described in the package or incur additional costs under the Contract for the work described in the Package.
 - i. The Contractor may request a preliminary determination that the proposed scope of work is consistent with the Facility mission and the Contracting Officer will use his/her best efforts to provide such a determination within three

(3) business days. Upon such a determination from the Contracting Officer the Contractor may begin work under the ACT Agreement at the Contractor's risk pending final approval of the complete Package. The Contractor must submit a complete Package, as identified in subparagraph 4b above, within (10) business days of the preliminary determination. All costs associated with the performance of work under a preliminary determination are the responsibility of the Contractor, as no Federal funds will be used to fund any work conducted under this Clause.

- ii. If the Contractor, Contractor's parent, member, subsidiary, or other entity in which the Contractor, Contractor's parent, member or subsidiary has an equity interest is a party sponsoring work in connection with the ACT agreement, work may not commence until approval of the complete Package by the Contracting Officer.

5. *Advance Payment for ACT Projects.* The Contractor shall be responsible for providing adequate advance payment for ACT work conducted under this Clause consistent with procedures defined in the Department's Financial Management Handbook. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for collecting payments from third parties for any work conducted under this Clause and such collections shall be independent of providing advance payment. For such payments and for any costs, obligations, or liabilities arising due to the Contractor's work under this Clause, the Contractor is entirely at risk and the Government shall have no risk.
6. *Costs.* All direct costs associated with Contractor's work conducted under this Clause shall be directly charged to separate and identifiable accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Department's Financial Management Handbook. An allocable portion of indirect costs normally applied to equivalent work under this Contract shall also be applied to work conducted under this Clause in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Management Handbook. As required by the Financial Management Handbook, changes to the Handbook will be incorporated into this Clause by a unilateral administrative modification to the contract.

- a. Work conducted under this Clause shall be excluded from Contract award fee calculations and such fee shall not be allocable to work conducted under this Clause.
 - b. No Federal funds will be used to fund work conducted under this Clause.
7. *Organizational Conflict of Interest.* Contractor shall conduct work under this Clause in a manner that minimizes the appearance of conflicts of interest and avoids or neutralizes actual conflicts of interest with Contractor's functions under this Contract. Accordingly, Contractor shall develop a Master Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan (OCI Plan). The Master OCI Plan should address OCI issues that arise as a result of the Contractor taking a financial interest in ACT projects, especially in those cases where the Contractor retains rights in ACT IP. Such Master OCI Plan shall be provided to the Contracting Officer for review and approval as soon as practicable after execution of the Contract modification incorporating this Clause into the Contract. In addition to those elements expressly stated in the Master OCI Plan, the Department may condition any ACT transaction on such other mitigating conditions it determines are appropriate. The Master OCI Plan shall, at a minimum, include elements that address the following:
- a. *Full Disclosure.* Before work can begin under an ACT transaction, all parties to ACT agreements must sign a DOE-approved certification that they have been fully informed about the availability of WFO agreements and CRADAs in addition to ACT. The certification at a minimum shall briefly describe WFO agreements, CRADAs and ACT, and will include the relative disposition of IP rights and the costs (including any additional compensation to the Contractor under ACT) under each agreement for the scope of work being proposed for the Laboratory.
 - b. *Priority of Work.* The Contractor shall not give work under ACT any special attention or priority over other work at the Laboratory. Work under ACT shall be approved by the Contracting Officer and assigned the same priority relative to other work at the Laboratory that it would normally have if performed under a non-Federal WFO agreement. The Contracting Officer has discretion to determine the agency's priority of work, considering the Contractor's input.

- c. *Participation by Contractor-related Entity*: Where the Contractor, Contractor's parent, member, subsidiary, or other entity in which the Contractor, Contractor's parent, member or subsidiary has an equity interest, is a party to the ACT Agreement, the Contractor shall include as necessary an addendum to the Master OCI Plan to address special circumstances not fully anticipated in the Master OCI Plan.
 - d. *Right of Inquiry for ACT IP Designation*. DOE Patent Counsel may inquire into Contractor's designation of any invention or data as arising under an ACT transaction. Contractor is responsible for curing any defect identified in such inquiry, and if Contractor cannot adequately justify the designation or cure the defect, then the parties to the ACT agreement may receive modified rights in the IP to the degree necessary to resolve the issues identified by the inquiry.
8. *Intellectual Property*. Disposition of intellectual property (IP) arising from work conducted under this Clause shall be governed by Class Waiver W(C)-2011-013 (ACT Class Waiver) which is incorporated herein by reference.
- a. All Contractor ACT inventions shall be reported to DOE pursuant to the requirements of the [cite Patent Rights – Management and Operating Contracts, Nonprofit Organization or Small Business Firm Contractor] clause of this Contract.
 - b. In reporting ACT inventions, the Contractor shall identify the ACT agreement under which the invention was made and specify the rights reserved by the Government pursuant to the ACT Class Waiver.
 - c. All technical data identified by the ACT client as ACT Protected Information shall also be marked to identify the ACT agreement under which the data was generated.
 - d. The Contractor shall ensure that all rights and obligations concerning ACT IP, including the appropriate IP provisions authorized in the ACT Class Waiver, are clearly provided in ACT agreements, and that all parties granted any rights in ACT IP are informed of the terms of the waived rights, including the rights reserved by the Government.

- e. Where the Contractor receives ownership or license rights to ACT IP, the Contractor may elect to commercialize the ACT IP consistent with the Technology Transfer Mission clause of this Contract.
 - f. As an alternative to subparagraph e., the Contractor may elect to retain private ownership of the ACT IP and commercialize the IP using its private funds, where no costs for developing, patenting, and marketing will be allowable under this Contract. The Contractor will share royalties collected on ACT IP with inventors in accordance with paragraph (h) of the Technology Transfer Mission clause of this Contract.
 - g. Where terms and conditions governing Data and Subject Inventions under this Contract are inconsistent with the terms of the ACT Class Waiver, the ACT Class Waiver will control. Except as provided in this paragraph 8, licensing of ACT Subject Inventions the Contractor retains in its private capacity will not be subject to the Technology Transfer Mission clause of this Contract.
9. *Contractor Liability and Indemnification.*
- a. *General Indemnity.*
 - (i) The Contractor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Government, the Department, and persons acting on their behalf from all liability, including costs and expenses incurred, to any person, including the ACT Participants, for injury to or death of persons or other living things or injury to or destruction of property arising out of the performance of an ACT transaction by the Government, the Department, Contractor, or persons acting on their behalf, or arising out of the use of the services performed, materials supplied, or information given hereunder by any person including the Contractor, and not directly resulting from the fault or negligence of the Government, the Department, or persons (other than the Contractor) acting on their behalf.
 - (ii) Subject to Contracting Officer approval, the General Indemnity set forth in (i) above may be modified or waived where: (1) ACT Participants are not providing material or equipment to the Contractor to be used in the performance

of the Statement of Work under the ACT transaction; and (2) ACT Participants are not sending their employees to the Facility as part of the Statement of Work; and (3) the specific activities performed under the ACT transaction are normally performed by the DOE Contractor at the Facility.

- (iii) Notwithstanding the provisions in a (i) and a (ii) above, the Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Government, the Department, and persons acting on their behalf for loss, damage, or destruction of Government property resulting from the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Such indemnification shall be subject to a liability limit of \$2,000,000 (two million dollars) per year, or such greater liability limit approved by the cognizant DOE/NNSA Program for the Facility. Above the applicable liability limit, Contractor's responsibility to the Government for such loss, damage or destruction shall be as set forth in the "Property" clause of this Contract.
- b. Intellectual Property Indemnity. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government, its agents, and employees against liability, including costs, for infringement of any United States patent, copyright, or other intellectual property arising out of any acts required or directed to be performed under the Statement of Work under an ACT transaction to the extent such acts are not already performed at the Facility. Such indemnity shall not apply to a claimed infringement that is settled without the consent of the Contractor unless required by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- c. Product Liability Indemnity.
- (i) Except for any liability resulting from any negligent acts or omissions of the Government, the Contractor agrees to indemnify the Government for all damages, costs, and expenses, including attorney's fees, arising from personal injury or property damage occurring as a result of the making, using, or selling of a product, process, or service by or on behalf of the ACT Participants or the Contractor, their assignees, or licensees, which was derived from the work performed under ACT transactions. In respect to this clause, neither the Government nor the Contractor shall be considered assignees or licensees as a result of reserved Government rights in ACT IP. The indemnity set forth in this

paragraph shall apply only if the Contractor shall have been informed as soon and as completely as practical by the Government of the action alleging such claim and shall have been given an opportunity, to the maximum extent afforded by applicable laws, rules, or regulations, to participate in and control its defense, and the Government shall have provided all reasonably available information and reasonable assistance requested by the Contractor. No settlement for which the Contractor would be responsible shall be made without the Contractor's consent, unless required by final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction.

- (ii) Where Contractor assigns the responsibility for indemnifying the Government under subsection c (i) above to other ACT Participants, DOE agrees to seek such indemnification from the Contractor only to the extent not satisfied after reasonable efforts to obtain indemnification from those other ACT Participants.
- d. Claims and liabilities resulting from Contractor's performance of work under an ACT transaction authorized pursuant to this Clause shall not be subject to the Contract clause entitled "Insurance - Litigation and Claims." In no event shall the Contractor be reimbursed under the Contract for liabilities (and expenses incidental to such liabilities, including litigation costs, counsel fees, and judgment and settlements) incurred as a result of third party claims related to the Contractor's performance under this clause.
- e. Contractor shall not include any guarantee or requirement that will obligate the Government to pay or incur any costs or create any liability on behalf of the Government in any ACT agreement or commitment the Contractor executes under authority of this Clause. The Contractor agrees if the Contractor does include such a guarantee or requirement, it will have no effect on the Government, that is, the Contractor will be responsible for any costs or liability due to such a guarantee or requirement.

10. *ACT Records.* All records associated with Contractor's activities conducted under authority of this Clause shall be treated as Contractor-owned records under the provisions of the Access to and Ownership of Records clause of this Contract.

11. *Reports and Abstracts.* The Contractor shall produce the following deliverables for each ACT Agreement:
- a. An initial abstract suitable for public release at the time the ACT transaction is approved by DOE;
 - b. A non-proprietary final report, upon completion or termination of the Agreement, to include a list of subject inventions; and
 - c. Where pursuant to the ACT Class Waiver, the Government reserves the right to use generated data after the particular project expires, computer software in source and executable object code format as defined within the statement of work or elsewhere within the Agreement.
12. *Termination of ACT Authority.* The PILOT Program implemented by this Clause will terminate on October 31, 2017, unless renewed by the Contracting Officer. The Government may provide the Contractor with written notice to terminate Contractor's authority to conduct work under this Clause at any time. If the Contractor's authority to conduct work under this Clause has expired or been terminated, the Contractor may be permitted, subject to any other provisions of this Clause, to complete any work that was DOE approved work at the time Contractor's authority to conduct work under this Clause was terminated by the Government.
13. *Successor Contractor.*
- a. To minimize the potential for negative Government programmatic impact and to facilitate seamless transition of work to a successor contractor of the Facility, ACT Agreement(s) executed under this Clause and any contractual instruments associated therewith may be novated to the successor contractor with the mutual consent of the Contractor, the successor contractor, and the parties to the affected ACT Agreement(s). If the ACT Agreement(s) cannot be novated, then the Contractor as a private sponsor shall be permitted to enter into a Non-Federal Work for Others agreement with the successor contractor that will enable completion of the statement

of work. Such agreements shall be entered into pursuant to DOE WFO policies. DOE shall make good faith efforts to incorporate the terms of the applicable ACT Agreement.

- b. The Contractor may retain private ownership of any individual piece of ACT IP that it obtained during the term of the Contract if the Contractor demonstrates:
 - i. the ACT IP was successfully commercialized or deployed in the commercial marketplace using private funds; or
 - ii. the Contractor expended at least \$20,000 (USD) of private funds for patenting, marketing, licensing, or maturing the ACT IP.
 - c. If the Contractor has not satisfied the criteria of Subparagraph b. to this Paragraph, then the Contractor and Contracting Officer, with input from the DOE Patent Counsel providing oversight to the Facility shall, prior to expiration or termination of the Contract, enter into negotiations to determine an equitable distribution of rights in the affected ACT IP. Such negotiations shall consider the equities of the parties with respect to each piece of intellectual property including, at a minimum, the private expenditures made by the Contractor for patenting, marketing, licensing, and maturing the ACT IP up to the date of Contract expiration or termination; which party is best positioned to appropriately commercialize the ACT IP; and any other equities that may apply under the circumstances.
14. *Minimum Reporting Requirements for ACT Activities.* During the ACT PILOT, the Contractor shall maintain records of its activities related to ACT in a manner and to the extent satisfactory to DOE and specifically including, but not limited to the number of ACT agreements, the amount of funds reimbursed to DOE for work under ACT, the number of private sector entities engaged through ACT that had not previously engaged the Laboratory and the number that had not previously engaged any DOE/NNSA laboratory, the amount of funds reimbursed to DOE by newly engaged entities, the number of parties and types of entities engaged in each individual ACT agreement, and the number of invention disclosures, licenses and start-ups arising from ACT. The Contractor shall obtain from each entity engaged in ACT the entity's reason(s) for

selecting ACT for laboratory engagement. Also during the PILOT, the Contractor shall report the above-identified data semiannually to DOE and in such a format which will serve to adequately inform DOE of the Contractor's activities under ACT while protecting any data not subject to disclosure under this Contract. Such records shall be made available in accordance with the clauses of this Contract pertaining to inspection, audit and examination of records.

H-38 MANAGEMENT AND OPERATING CONTRACTOR (M&O) SUBCONTRACT REPORTING (SEP 2015)

(a) *Definitions.* As used in this clause—

“First-tier subcontract” means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor for the purpose of acquiring supplies or services (including construction) for performance of a prime contract. It does not include the Contractor’s supplier agreements with vendors, such as long-term arrangements for materials or supplies that would benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a Contractor’s general and administrative expenses or indirect cost.

“M&O Subcontract Reporting Capability (MOSRC)” means a DOE system and associated processes to collect key information about M&O first-tier subcontracts for reporting to the Small Business Administration.

“Transaction” means any awarded contract, agreement, order, or modification, etc. (other than one involving an employer-employee relationship) entered into by a DOE M&O prime contractor calling for supplies and services (including construction) required solely for performance of the prime contract.

(b) *Limited Interim Reporting.*

(1) The Contractor shall report no less than the twenty highest dollar value first-tier small business subcontract transactions under the contract by December 1 for the previous fiscal year until the Contractor business systems can report the required data as set forth in paragraph (c) below. Classified subcontracts shall be excluded from the reporting requirement and shall not be counted towards the total number of transactions of the reporting requirement.

(2) Transactions with a corporation, company, or subdivision that is an affiliate of the Contractor are not included in these reports.

- (3) The Contractor shall provide the data on first-tier small business subcontract transactions under the contracts, as described in the *MOSRC Guide* via the Microsoft Excel spreadsheet co-located at <https://max.gov> in the MOSRC Collaboration Center. The spreadsheet will be submitted to HQProcurementSystems@hq.doe.gov.
- (c) *Full Reporting.* The Contractor shall update their business systems and processes to collect and report data to MOSRC in compliance with the MOSRC Guide. The Contractor shall report data in MOSRC for FY17 (and each year thereafter) first-tier small business subcontracting transactions under the contract. Classified subcontracts shall be excluded from the reporting requirements. All Contractor systems shall be updated in order to provide the first FY17 report in November 2016 for October 2016 transactions.
- (d) *Pilot M&Os.* Oak Ridge National Laboratory, the National Security Campus at the Kansas City Plant, and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory shall have their business systems updated in order to provide the first FY 16 report in April 2016 for March 2016 transactions.

H-39 Definitions (Jan 2000)

“Contractor” as used in Section I Clause entitled, *Indemnification Under Public Law 85-804*, shall be defined as follows:

- (a) In all subsections of said clause except as set forth in (b) below, as:
 - (i) UT-Battelle, LLC, a Tennessee nonprofit limited liability company, and
 - (ii) The members of UT-Battelle, LLC, which are, inclusive, the University of Tennessee, a state university, and Battelle Memorial Institute, an Ohio nonprofit corporation.
- (b) As to subsections (a) and (e) of said clause, Contractor shall be defined as UT-Battelle, LLC, a Tennessee nonprofit limited liability company.

H-40 Advance Understandings Regarding Additional Items of Allowable Costs

Allowable costs under this contract shall be determined according to the requirements of Section I clause entitled “DEAR 970.5232-2, Payment and Advances.” For purposes of effective

contract implementation, certain items of cost are being specifically identified below as allowable and/or unallowable under this contract to the extent indicated:

- (a) Imputed interest costs relating to leases classified and accounted for as capital leases under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) are allowable, provided that the decision to enter into a capital leasing arrangement has been specifically authorized and approved in writing by the DOE Contracting Officer in accordance with applicable procedures and such interest costs are recorded in an appropriately specified DOE account established for such purpose.
- (b) Training and Education costs described in subparagraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) below that the Contractor incurs in complying with the requirements of Section C, paragraph C-4 (d), Mission-Related Partnerships, of the contract will not be unallowable due solely to non-compliance with the FAR cost principle at FAR 31.205-44 titled "Training and education costs." In order to be allowable, however, such Training and Education costs must comply with all other contract terms and conditions, including reasonableness, allocability, and the limitations of FAR Subpart 31.2.
 - (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of FAR cost principle 31.205-44(e), stipends and payments made to reimburse travel or other expenses of researchers and students who are not employed under this contract but are participating in research, educational or training activities under this contract to the extent such costs are incurred in connection with fellowship, international agreements, or other research, educational or training programs approved by the Contracting Officer.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of FAR cost principle 31.205-44(e), payments to educational institutions for tuition and fees, or institutional allowances, in connection with fellowship or other research, educational or training programs approved by the Contracting Officer for researchers and students who are not employed under this contract.

H-41 Notice Regarding the Purchase of American-Made Equipment and Products—Sense of Congress

It is the sense of the Congress that, to the greatest extent practicable, all equipment and products purchased with funds made available under this award should be American-Made.

H-42 Contractor's Obligations Regarding Data First Produced Under DOE Funding Opportunity Announcement DE-FOA-0000977: Clean Energy Manufacturing Innovation Institute for Composite Materials and Structures

a) Rights to Protected Data

- (1) The Contractor may, with the concurrence of DOE, claim and mark as protected data, any data first produced in the performance of a DOE Work Proposal (FWP) or Inter-entity Work Order (IWO), issued pursuant to the identified Clean Energy Manufacturing Innovation Institute for Composite Materials and Structures FOA (identified FOA) that would have been treated as a trade secret if developed at private expense. Any such claimed "protected data" will be clearly marked with the following Protected Rights Notice, and will be treated in accordance with such Notice, subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this clause.

PROTECTED RIGHTS NOTICE

These protected data were produced under a Field Work Proposal and/or Inter-entity Work Order issued pursuant to Department of Energy funding Opportunity Announcement DE-FOA-0000977: Clean Energy Manufacturing Innovation Institute for Composite Materials and Structures and may not be published, disseminated, or disclosed to others outside the Government until 5 years after the data is produced, without the express written authorization from the Contractor. Upon expiration of the period of protection set forth in this Notice, the Government shall have unlimited rights in this data. This Notice shall be marked on any reproduction of this data, in whole or in part. "Unlimited rights" means the rights of the Government to use, disclose, reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, in any manner and for any purpose, and to have or permit others to do so.
(End of notice)

- (2) Any such marked Protected Data may be disclosed under obligations of confidentiality for the following purposes:

- (i) For evaluation purposes under the restriction that the "Protected Data" be retained in confidence and not be further disclosed; or
 - (ii) To subcontractors or other team members performing work under the Government's program of which this award is a part, for information or use in connection with the work performed under their activity, and under the restriction that the Protected Data be retained in confidence and not be further disclosed.
- (3) The obligations of confidentiality and restrictions on publication and dissemination shall end for any Protected Data.
- (i) At the end of the protected period;
 - (ii) If the data becomes publicly known or available from other sources without a breach of the obligation of confidentiality with respect to the Protected Data;
 - (iii) If the same data is independently developed by someone who did not have access to the Protected Data and such data is made available without obligations of confidentiality; or
 - (iv) If the Contractor disseminates or authorizes another to disseminate such data without obligations of confidentiality.
- (4) However, the Contractor agrees that the following types of data are not considered to be protected and shall be provided to the Government without any claim that the data are Protected Data. The parties agree that notwithstanding the following lists of types of data, nothing precludes the Government from seeking delivery of additional data in accordance with the identified FOA, or from making publicly available additional non-protected data, nor does the following list constitute any admission by the Government that technical data not on the list is Protected Data.
- (i) Composite component physical dimensions size, weight, and performance characteristics of the composite component(s), including strength, modulus, elongation, electrical conductivity, thermal

conductivity, and results of final demonstration(s);

- (ii) Operating and performance characteristics of manufacturing processes for composite production, including cycle time, temperatures, and results of final demonstration;
- (iii) Composite constituent material parameters from intermediate and final stages of development and product datasheet: including measured component parameters, parameter ranges (typical and/or minimum and maximum values) and measurement test conditions used to characterize datasheet parameters. Examples of measurement test conditions include applied forces and temperatures during parameter testing;
- (iv) Modeling and simulation results and performance characteristics, verification and validation results and uncertainty quantification; and
- (v) General (non-enabling) illustrations and photographs of the finished manufacturing process equipment, analytical equipment, constituent materials, intermediate material forms and final composite components and assemblies.

(5) The Contractor may include this Rights to Protected Data clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts to any Field Work Proposal and/or Inter-entity Work Order issued pursuant to Department of Energy Funding Opportunity Announcement DE-FOA-0000977: Clean Energy Manufacturing Innovation Institute for Composite Materials and Structures.

(6) The Government's sole obligation with respect to any protected data developed under an FWP or IWO issued pursuant to the identified FOA shall be as set forth in this clause.

b) Unauthorized Marking of Data

Notwithstanding any other provisions concerning inspection or acceptance, if any data developed under an FWP or IWO issued pursuant to the identified FOA bears any restrictive or limiting markings not authorized by this clause, the Contracting Officer has the right to remove, cancel, correct, or ignore any markings not authorized by this clause on any data furnished hereunder if, in response to a written inquiry by DOE concerning the propriety of the

markings, the Contractor fails to respond thereto within 60 days or fails to substantiate the propriety of the markings. In either case DOE will notify the Contractor of the action taken.

H-43 Conference Management (SEP 2015)

The Contractor agrees that:

- a) The Contractor shall ensure that contractor-sponsored conferences reflect the DOE/NNSA's commitment to fiscal responsibility, appropriate stewardship of taxpayer funds and support the mission of DOE/NNSA as well as other sponsors of work. In addition, the Contractor will ensure conferences do not include any activities that create the appearance of taxpayer funds being used in a questionable manner.
- b) Determination of a Conference
 - (1) General Definition. "Conference" is defined in the Federal Travel Regulation as, "[a] meeting, retreat, seminar, symposium, or event that involves attendee travel. The term 'conference' also applies to training activities that are considered to be conferences under 5 C.F.R 410.404." However, this definition is only a starting point. What constitutes a conference for the purpose of this guidance is a fact-based determination based on an evaluation of the criteria established in this section (b).
 - (2) Additional Indicia of Conferences. Conferences subject to this guidance are also often referred to by names other than "conference." Other common terms used include conventions, expositions, symposiums, seminars, workshops, or exhibitions. They typically involve topical matters of interest to, and the participation of, multiple agencies and/or nongovernmental participations. Indicia of a formal conference often include but are not limited to registration, registration fees, a published substantive agenda, and scheduled speakers, or discussion panels. Individual events may qualify as conferences without meeting all of the indicia listed above, but will generally meet some of them. Please note that some training events may qualify as conferences for the purposes of this guidance, particularly if they take place in a hotel or conference center.
 - (3) Local Conferences. Events within the local duty location that do not require advance travel authorization may also qualify as a conference for the purposes

of this guidance if the event exhibits other key indicia of a conference, especially the payment of a registration, exhibitor, sponsor, or conference fee.

- (4) Exemptions. For the purposes of this guidance, the exemptions below apply and these types of activities should not be considered to be conferences even if the event meets the general definition of conference in subsection 1 above. Even where an event is considered exempt from this guidance, organizations are expected to continue to apply strict scrutiny to DOE's participation to ensure the best use of government funds and adherence with not only all applicable laws and policy, but the underlying spirit or principles, including ensuring that only personnel attend events that have a mission-essential need to do so, that expenses be kept to a minimum, and that participation in any associated social events be limited and restrained to the greatest degree practicable to avoid the appearance of impropriety. Exemptions from this guidance should be granted sparingly and only when events fully meet the definition and intent of the criteria below:
- (i) Meetings necessary to carry out statutory oversight functions. This exemption would include activities such as investigations, inspections, audits, or non-conference planning site visits.
 - (ii) Meetings to consider internal agency business matters held in Federal facilities. This exemption would include activities such as meetings that take place as part of an organization's regular course of business, do not exhibit indicia of a formal conference as outlined above, and take place in a Federal facility.
 - (iii) Bi-lateral and multi-lateral international cooperation engagements that do not exhibit indicia of a formal conference as outlined above that are focused on diplomatic relations.
 - (iv) Formal classroom training which does not exhibit indicia of a formal conference as outlined above.
 - (v) Meetings such as Advisory Committee and Federal Advisory Committee meetings, Solicitation/Funding Opportunity Announcement Review Board meetings, peer review/objective review panel meetings, evaluation panel/board meetings, and program kick-off and review meetings (including those for grants and contracts).

- c) Contractor-sponsored conferences include those events that meet the conference definition and either or both of the following:
 - 1) The Contractor provides funding to plan, promote, or implement an event, except in instances where a contractor:
 - i) covers participation costs in a conference for specified individuals (e.g. students, retirees, speakers, etc.) in a total amount not to exceed \$10,000 (by individual contractor for a specific conference) or
 - ii) purchases goods or services from the conference planners (e.g., attendee registration fees, renting booth space).
 - 2) The Contractor authorizes use of its official seal, or other seals/logos/ trademarks to promote a conference. Exceptions include non-M&O contractors who use their seal to promote a conference that is unrelated to their DOE contract(s) (e.g., if a DOE IT contractor were to host a general conference on cyber security).
- d) Attending a conference, giving a speech or serving as an honorary chairperson does not connote sponsorship.
- e) The contractor will provide information on conferences they plan to sponsor with expected costs exceeding \$100,000 in the Department's Conference Management Tool, including:
 - 1) Conference title, description, and date
 - 2) Location and venue
 - 3) Description of any unusual expenses (e.g., promotional items)
 - 4) Description of contracting procedures used (e.g., competition for space/support)
 - 5) Costs for space, food/beverages, audio visual, travel/per diem, registration costs, recovered costs (e.g., through exhibit fees)
 - 6) Number of attendees

- f) The Contractor will not expend funds on the proposed contractor-sponsored conferences with expenditures estimated to exceed \$100,000 until notified of approval by the contracting officer.
- g) For DOE-sponsored conferences, the Contractor will not expend funds on the proposed conference until notified by the contracting officer.
 - 1) DOE-sponsored conferences include events that meet the definition of a conference and where the Department provides funding to plan, promote, or implement the conference and/or authorizes use of the official DOE seal, or other seals/logos/trademarks to promote a conference. Exceptions include instances where DOE:
 - i) covers participation costs in a conference for specified individuals (e.g. students, retirees, speakers, etc.) in a total amount not to exceed \$10,000 (by individual contractor for a specific conference) or
 - ii) purchases goods or services from the conference planners (e.g., attendee registration fees; renting booth space); or provide funding to the conference planners through Federal grants.
 - 2) Attending a conference, giving a speech, or serving as an honorary chairperson does not connote sponsorship.
 - 3) The Contractor will provide cost and attendance information on their participation in all DOE-sponsored conference in the DOE Conference Management Tool.
- h) For *non-contractor sponsored conferences*, the contractor shall develop and implement a process to ensure costs related to conferences are allowable, allocable, reasonable, and further the mission of DOE/NNSA. This process must at a minimum:
 - 1) Track all conference expenses.
 - 2) Require the Laboratory Director (or equivalent) or Chief Operating Officer approve a single conference with net costs to the Contractor of \$100,000 or greater.
- i) Contractors are not required to enter information on non-sponsored conferences in DOE'S Conference Management Tool.

- j) Once funds have been expended on a non-sponsored conference, contractors may not authorize the use of their trademarks/logos for the conference, provide the conference planners with more than \$10,000 for specified individuals to participate in the conference, or provide any other sponsorship funding for the conference. If a contractor does so, its expenditures for the conference may be deemed unallowable.

H-44 Contractor's Obligations Regarding Data First Produced Under DOE Funding Opportunity Announcement DE-FOA-0000687: Critical Materials Hub

(a) Rights to Protected Data

(1) The Contractor may, with the concurrence of DOE, claim and mark as protected data, any data first produced in the performance of a DOE Work Proposal (FWP) or Inter-entity Work Order (IWO), issued pursuant to the identified Critical Materials Hub FOA (identified FOA) that would have been treated as a trade secret if developed at private expense. Any such claimed “protected data” will be clearly marked with the following Protected Rights Notice, and will be treated in accordance with such Notice, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (b) of this clause.

PROTECTED RIGHTS NOTICE

These protected data were produced under a Field Work Proposal and/or Inter-entity Work Order issued pursuant to Department of Energy Funding Opportunity Announcement DE-FOA-0000687: Critical Materials Hub and may not be published, disseminated, or disclosed to others outside the Government until 5 years after the data is produced, without the express written authorization from the Contractor. Upon expiration of the period of protection set forth in this Notice, the Government shall have unlimited rights in this data. This Notice shall be marked on any reproduction of this data, in whole or in part. “Unlimited rights” means the rights of the Government to use, disclose, reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, in any manner and for any purpose, and to have or permit others to do so. (End of notice)

(2) Any such marked Protected Data may be disclosed under obligations of confidentiality for the following purposes:

- (i) For evaluation purposes under the restriction that the “Protected Data” be retained in confidence and not be further disclosed; or
- (ii) To subcontractors or other team members performing work under the Government's program of which this award is a part, for information or use in connection with the work performed under their activity, and under the restriction that the Protected Data be retained in confidence and not be further disclosed.

(3) The obligations of confidentiality and restrictions on publication and dissemination shall end for any Protected Data.

- (i) At the end of the protected period;
- (ii) If the data becomes publicly known or available from other sources without a breach of the obligation of confidentiality with respect to the Protected Data;
- (iii) If the same data is independently developed by someone who did not have access to the Protected Data and such data is made available without obligations of confidentiality; or
- (iv) If the Contractor disseminates or authorizes another to disseminate such data without obligations of confidentiality.

(4) However, the Contractor agrees that the following types of data are not considered to be protected and shall be provided to the Government without any claim that the data are Protected Data. The parties agree that notwithstanding the following lists of types of data, nothing precludes the Government from seeking delivery of additional data in accordance with the identified FOA, or from making publicly available

additional non-protected data, nor does the following list constitute any admission by the Government that technical data not on the list is Protected Data.

(i) Fundamental knowledge of critical materials properties

(ii) General information regarding strategy and general overview of projects by or for the Hub directed to reducing or eliminating criticality for existing materials and preventing criticality of new materials that are essential to modern and advanced energy technologies

(iii) Identification of and potential function and use of critical materials essential to modern and advanced energy technologies

(5) The Contractor may include this Rights to Protected Data clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts to any Field Work Proposal and/or Inter-entity Work Order issued pursuant to Department of Energy Funding Opportunity Announcement DE-FOA-0000687: Critical Materials Hub

(6) The Government's sole obligation with respect to any protected data developed under an FWP or IWO issued pursuant to the identified FOA shall be as set forth in this clause.

(b) Unauthorized Marking of Data

Notwithstanding any other provisions concerning inspection or acceptance, if any data developed under an FWP or IWO issued pursuant to the identified FOA bears any restrictive or limiting markings not authorized by this clause, the Contracting Officer has the right to remove, cancel, correct, or ignore any markings not authorized by this clause on any data furnished hereunder if, in response to a written inquiry by DOE concerning the propriety of the markings, the Contractor fails to respond thereto within 60 days or fails to substantiate the propriety of the markings. In either case DOE will notify the Contractor of the action taken.

H-45 Advance Understanding Regarding Special Hazards Associated with Support of Nuclear and Other Threats Outside the United States

The parties recognize that the Contractor's support of DOE and/or other federal agency efforts to reduce threats from nuclear, radiological, chemical, biological, or explosive materials, facilities and/or devices, or missile technology located outside the United States may prove hazardous to contractor employees who volunteer for these assignments. When performing this work, contractor employees may be subject to special hazards which are not part of the employee's normal duties and for which workers' compensation laws, other statutes, the Contractor's welfare plan and policies, and other Contractor-provided insurance of the worker's private insurance may not provide adequate financial protection to the work in the event of disability, or to the worker's estate in the event of death.

(a) Definitions

- (1) "Field Deployment Team" means that emergency-response team established by the Contractor at the request of DOE to be available, upon call by public authorities, through DOE, for immediate technical assistance and advice outside the United States involving detection, identification, assessment, characterization, packaging, control, containment, transport, dismantlement, movement or disposal of nuclear, radiological, chemical, biological, or explosive materials, facilities and/or devices, or missile technology.
- (2) "Covered Assignment" means work which requires the active deployment outside the United States of a Contractor employee as a member of the Field Deployment Roster.
- (3) "Special Insurance Coverage" means Special (Additional) Travel Accident or similar special insurance coverage obtained by the Contractor, with the consent of DOE, to cover each Contractor employee member of the Field Deployment Roster for accidental death, dismemberment, and disability occurring directly or indirectly from said employee's participation in a covered Assignment, including but not limited to travel to and from the Covered Assignment.
- (4) "Field Deployment Roster" means the list provided at the time of deployment by the Contractor of employees who have volunteered to serve on, and have been accepted for a Covered Assignment.

(5) “Contractor Benefit Plans Insurance” means insurance obtained and paid for by the Contractor for and on behalf of its employees. Such insurance includes Basic Life Insurance, Business Travel Accident Insurance, and, if applicable, the Special Insurance Coverage.

(b) Special Insurance Coverage

The Contractor may provide Field Deployment Roster employees with Special Insurance coverage, as an allowable cost under this Contract, in order to facilitate the provision of technical expertise to assist in the activities listed in (a)(1) above. The total amount of Contractor Benefit Plans Insurance (including Special Insurance Coverage under this clause) provided to any Field Deployment Roster employee shall not exceed that employee’s annual salary multiplied by 10.

(c) In performing the work covered by this clause, the Contractor shall use only contractor employees who volunteer for this work assignment. The Contractor will thoroughly explain the risks of this work assignment to potential Contractor employee volunteers prior to accepting these volunteers for this work.

(d) The Contractor will provide the Field Deployment Roster to the Contracting Officer in writing prior to beginning work which may be covered by this clause.

(e) The Contractor shall not include the provisions of this clause in its subcontracts without first consulting with and receiving advance written approval from the Contracting Officer.

(f) Special Incentives, Allowances and Payments

(1) Post Hardship Differential is authorized for Field Deployment Team members serving on such covered assignments in accordance with Department of State Standardized Regulations (DSSR), section 510. Post Hardship Differential is paid to Field Deployment Team members on temporary detail to one or more hardship posts after the forty-second calendar day of the Covered Assignment. Field Deployment Team members, who serve in Afghanistan, Iraq, or other countries if approved by the Contracting Officer, may be granted Post Hardship Differential at the prescribed rate beginning on the forty-third day back to day one.

- (2) Danger Pay Allowance is authorized for Field Deployment Team members serving on such covered assignments in accordance with DSSR, section 650. Danger Pay Allowance is in addition to Post Hardship Differential.
- (3) Post Hardship Differential and Danger Pay Allowances are limited to a maximum of seventy-two working days per individual, per deployment, unless the Contracting Officer or Contracting Officer's Representative authorizes an extension of these benefits on a case-by-case basis due to critical mission needs.
- (4) Field Deployment Team members will not be eligible for additional incentive payments, such as an Incentivized Performance Award (IPA), Significant Event Award (SEA), or Supplemental Performance Award (SPA), for their participation or activities in a Covered Assignment for which special payments or incentives under this policy were paid.
- (5) An exception to pertinent compensation policies is hereby granted to permit the payment of overtime to exempt employees. The payment will be made at the Field Deployment Team member's straight-time rate for all working hours over forty in a workweek in a Covered Assignment up to a maximum of seventy-two days. The Contracting Officer or Contracting Officer's Representative may authorize an extension of overtime benefits in extenuating circumstances.
- (6) The overtime payment will be authorized and paid following the Field Deployment Team member's return to ORNL.
- (7) ORNL standard policy, such as Travel Pay and Work on a Holiday, shall govern the payment of all other benefits and compensation.

H-46 Termination of Privately Funded Technology Transfer Program

- (a) The Contractor's Privately Funded Technology Transfer (PFTT) program is terminated as of April 1, 2015, and notwithstanding any previous terms of this contract related to PFTT to the contrary, all patenting, marketing, licensing, maintenance, and development of existing and future Subject Inventions and copyrighted works will thereafter be governed by the terms and conditions of this contract governing Contractor's Government Funded Technology Transfer (GFTT) program. Furthermore, at the expiration or termination of this contract, title to all such inventions and copyrighted works will transfer to the successor contractor or to the Government as

directed by the Contracting Officer in accordance with paragraph (i) of Section I clause 970.5227-3 entitled, *Technology Transfer Mission (Deviation July 2006 – DOE Acquisition Letter 2006-10 – Alternate I*.

(b) Transfer of Existing PFTT Agreements to GFTT

- (i) As of the date specified in paragraph (a) of this clause, every existing Contractor PFTT agreement, including but not limited to options and licenses, are transferred to GFTT and will be handled under and in accordance with GFTT thereafter.
- (ii) “Contractor PFTT Agreement” as used herein means an executed license, assignment, or other commercialization agreement to a Subject Invention or copyrighted work in which royalties, fees, equity or other consideration is to be or has been paid.

(c) PFTT Income

As of the date specified in paragraph (a), all income previously treated as PFTT income will be treated as GFTT income and distributed under the GFTT program.

- (d) Notwithstanding any previous terms of this contract related to PFTT to the contrary, as of the date specified in paragraph (a), the U.S. Government will have the same responsibility and obligation for any claim, cost or damages arising out of or resulting from license agreements and assignments entered into under PFTT prior to the date specified in paragraph (a) that it would have had under GFTT.

H-47 Intellectual Property – BioEnergy Science Center

Notwithstanding the provisions set forth in Section I Clauses entitled, *970.5227-3 Technology Transfer Mission*, and *970.5227-2 Rights in Data-Technology Transfer*, the following applies to subject inventions in the Core Technologies of the ORNL BioEnergy Science Center and for all technical data produced or acquired by the BESC:

- (a) Definitions:

- (1) “BESC Team Member” means any industrial, university, or other entity, and their successors, receiving BESC funding as part of the ORNL BioEnergy Science Center.
 - (2) “Core Technologies” means:
 - (i) Formation of biomass with reduced recalcitrance;
 - (ii) New tools for biomass characterization; and
 - (iii) Microbial/enzymatic hydrolysis of lignocellulose.
 - (3) “Intellectual Property Management Plan” means the plan approved by DOE and executed by all BESC Team Members within 90 days of the modification that incorporates this clause into the Prime Contract DE-AC05-00OR22725. The Intellectual Property Management Plan, to be attached as Appendix I to this Contract and made a part hereof, ensures and facilitates compliance with federal Intellectual Property law and policy, the public interest regarding dissemination of scientific reports and results, and the rapid transfer of technology for the development of cellulosic ethanol and other biofuels.
- (b) Licensing and Disposition of Benefits.
- (1) The Center will not enter into or be subject to any future licensing arrangements that provide a preferential license to any third party without prior approval by DOE.
 - (2) In accordance with the Intellectual Property Management Plan, the following disposition of revenue applies when cumulative royalties or other income earned by the Contractor (excluding equity until liquidated) exceed \$200,000 from all license agreements for any subject invention or group of related subject inventions in the Core Technologies.

After incidental expenses (such as patenting and licensing costs, but not payments to inventors) are deducted from any royalties or other income earned by the Contractor with respect to subject inventions in the Core Technologies, sixty percent (60%) of the balance of any such royalties or other income or equity (above the \$200,000 threshold) will be utilized as determined by the Center for the support of scientific research or education to further the efforts of the Center and forty percent (40%) of the balance of such royalties, other income or equity will be distributed to the intellectual property owner(s), from which payments to inventors will be made.

- (3) All revenue, regardless of amount, resulting from liquidation of equity in private for-profit companies created to commercialize a Core Technology invention retained by the Contractor shall be subject to the 60/40 split as provided for in (2) above.
 - (4) The disposition of royalties or other income, including equity, set forth in (2) and (3), above, remains in effect so long as the BESC is in existence. If the BESC no longer exists *prior* to the end of the initial five-year period due to lack of DOE funding, or *after* the initial five-year period due to funding or other issues as determined by DOE, then the royalty and equity disposition of (2) and (3), above, is no longer applicable.
 - (5) The requirements set forth in this clause will be included in the IP Management Plan executed by all the BESC Team Members.
 - (6) Subject inventions in the Core Technologies made with Center funding are not entitled to election or commercialization under Contractor's privately funded technology transfer program.
- (c) Ownership of Technical Data.
- (1) Except for data qualifying as restricted computer software or limited rights data, the Contractor will include the following requirements in all subcontracts with BESC Team Members performing work as part of the Center:
 - (i) The Government shall have unlimited rights in all technical data first produced or acquired by the subcontractor. Contractor shall use the

clause at 48 CFR 970.5227-1, *Rights in Data-Facilities* (BESC Deviation), in all subcontracts with BESC Team Members; and

- (ii) All technical data first produced or acquired in the performance of work in the Center will be shared with BESC Team Members, other DOE Bioenergy Science Centers, and with any DOE advisory committee assisting DOE in the evaluation of the activities of the Center.
- (2) Any deviations or modifications to such requirements will require written notice to and authorization of the DOE Contracting Officer.
- (3) Within 90 days of the modification that incorporates this clause into the Prime Contract DE-AC05-00OR22725, the Contractor will agree to establish a list of data first produced by the Center in the performance of this contract, which will be released to the public.
- (4) The Contractor will include the technical data publication requirement in paragraph (3) above in all subcontracts or other agreements with BESC Team Members performing work as part of the Center. Any deviation or modification of this requirement will require written notice to and authorization of the DOE Contracting Officer.
- (d) Special Patent Rights Provisions for Certain Subcontractors Subject to 35 U.S.C. § 200, *et seq.*:

For subcontracts in which the Contractor is a domestic small business or nonprofit organization as defined at (FAR) 48 CFR 27.301, Contractor shall replace paragraph (b) of 952.227-11 with alternate paragraph (b) as prescribed in 37 CFR 401.14(c) and with paragraph (2) modified by inserting at the beginning thereof, "Provided DOE has issued an exceptional circumstance in accordance with 37 CFR 401.3, . . ."

H-48 DOE ITER Project (Apr 2008)

- (a) With respect to the DOE ITER Project, the Contractor will:
 - (1) Pursuant to direction from DOE in its role as the Domestic Agency head for the United States and in accordance with provisions of the Joint Implementation Agreement signed on November 21, 2006, as may be

amended (hereinafter, “ITER Agreement”) and related documents, manage the U.S. contributions to the international ITER Project by establishing and managing the U.S. ITER Project Office at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

- (2) Receive funding from DOE for U.S. ITER Project costs and manage these funds to meet U.S. obligations to the international ITER Project in accordance with the U.S. ITER Project Execution Plan and related/supporting documents.
 - (3) Perform work required by the *U.S. ITER Project Execution Plan* and approved project baseline.
 - (4) Execute necessary documents on behalf of the Domestic Agency that are consistent with the approved project baseline and needed for the day-to-day management of the project.
- (b) Reserved
- (c) Intellectual Property - In order to implement the international ITER Agreement Annex on Information and Intellectual Property, Contractor agrees that:
- (1) It is subject to the Agreement on the Establishment of the ITER International Fusion Energy Organization for the Joint Implementation of the ITER Project (the ITER Agreement) with regard to work on the ITER project. Specifically, and without limitation, subject inventions and data produced in the performance of this contract and subcontracts related to the ITER Project are subject to the license rights and other obligations provided for in the ITER Agreement’s Annex on Information and Intellectual Property (the Annex) attached as Appendix H of this contract.
 - (2) Background intellectual property of the Contractor, as defined in the Annex, is also subject to the provisions of the ITER Agreement. In particular and under certain circumstances, Contractor shall use its best efforts to identify Background Intellectual Property (including patents and data) and grant a nonexclusive license in certain Background Intellectual Property to the Parties

to the ITER Agreement (Members) for commercial fusion use. However, in individual cases and for good cause shown in writing, the requirement for such a license may be waived by DOE.

- (3) In accordance with the Annex, intellectual property generated by Contractor employees who are designated as seconded staff to the ITER Organization shall be owned by the ITER Organization and the Contractor gets no rights to such intellectual property except those rights provided the Contractor by the Government as a result of the Government being a member of the ITER Organization. Contractor agrees that Contractor employee agreements will be suitably modified as necessary to effectuate this provision and that employees will be required to execute a separate secondment agreement with the ITER Organization.
 - (4) The Government may provide to each ITER Member, as defined in the ITER Agreement, the right, for non-commercial uses, to translate, reproduce, and publicly distribute data produced in the performance of this contract. Contractor will deliver to DOE, at a minimum, copies of all ITER-related peer-reviewed manuscripts provided to scientific and technical journal publishers, which may then be distributed to Members in accordance with the ITER Agreement. Contractor agrees that the ITER Organization may impose a different delivery requirement in order to be in compliance with this paragraph and that, if so, Contractor agrees that this paragraph may be suitably modified to be in accordance with the ITER Agreement.
 - (5) It will include the ITER patent and data rights clauses transmitted to the Contractor from the U.S. ITER Project Office, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts related to ITER, at any tier, for experimental, developmental, demonstration or research work and in subcontracts in which technical data or computer software is expected to be produced or in subcontracts that contain a requirement for production or delivery of data.
- (d) Foreign assignments, in support of the ITER Project, are governed by the U.S. ITER Long-Term Foreign Assignment Relocation Policy. The Policy was approved by DOE to provide an equitable and uniform approach to the long-term (greater than one year) foreign assignment of personnel in support of the ITER Project.

- (e) DOE has developed a set of human resource tools (R&R Toolbox) to facilitate the recruitment and retention of critical skills for major projects. The ITER project has been approved to utilize this toolbox for the recruitment and retention of personnel. (See Appendix A)

H-49 Definition of unusually hazardous or nuclear risk for Far clause 52.250-1 indemnification under public law 85-804

- (a) The term "a risk defined in this contract as unusually hazardous or nuclear" as used in FAR Clause 52.250-1 means the risk of legal liability to third parties (including legal costs as defined in paragraph jj. of Section 11 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, 42 U.S.C. Section 2014jj., notwithstanding the fact that the claim or suit may not arise under section 170 of said Act) arising from actions or inactions in the course of the following performed by the Contractor under this contract:
 - (1) The high priority national security work provided by the Contractor involving highly specialized technical services on behalf of the Department of Energy in support of a joint U.S.-Russian plutonium disposition program. This work by the Contractor which may take place inside or outside the United States, involves the development of safe facilities and processes for the formulation, fabrication, packaging and transportation, management, storage, use, and disposal of plutonium oxide and mixed plutonium oxide nuclear reactor fuel (hereinafter "MOX fuel" refers to both forms of fuel) and spent MOX fuel, in a nonproliferation effort on behalf of the United States.
 - (2) Activities on behalf of the Department of Energy involving weapons usable materials in a nonproliferation effort on behalf of the United States, outside the United States, as described in (i) and (ii):
 - (i) Inspection, packaging, transportation, and storage of weapons usable nuclear materials or radiological materials, provided that the work has been directed by the Secretary of Energy, the Deputy Secretary of Energy, an Under Secretary or Deputy Under Secretary;

- (ii) Participation in the Department of Energy's international nuclear materials protection and accountability programs, including developing protection and accountability systems and consulting and training individuals, or international inspectors on such systems.

This work is conducted under the following existing agreements:

Agreement between the Department of Defense of the United States of America and the Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Kazakhstan concerning Control, Accounting, and Physical Protection of Nuclear Material to Promote the Prevention of Nuclear Weapons Proliferation dated 13 December 1993;

Agreement between the Department of Defense of the United States of America and the Ukrainian State Committee on Nuclear and Radiation Safety concerning Development of State Systems of Control, Accounting, and Physical Protection of Nuclear Materials to Promote the Prevention of Nuclear Weapons Proliferation from Ukraine dated 18 December 1993;

Agreement between the Department of Defense of the United States of America and the Ministry of Defense of the Republic of Belarus concerning Control, Accounting, and Physical Protection of Nuclear Materials to Promote the Prevention of Nuclear Weapons Proliferation dated 23 June 1995;

Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Russian Federation Regarding Cooperation under the Framework Agreement on a Multilateral Nuclear Environmental Programme in the Russian Federation of May 21, 2003 dated 14 June 2013;

Protocol between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Russian Federation to the Framework Agreement on a Multilateral Nuclear Environmental Programme in the Russian Federation of May 21, 2003 dated 14 June 2013.

- (3) Providing assistance in reducing and protecting vulnerable nuclear and radiological materials under Department of Energy's (DOE) Global Threat Reduction Initiative (GTRI), International Material Protection and Cooperation (IMPC) or any successor programs to GTRI or IMPC. Supporting activities shall include vulnerability assessments; design and installation of physical security systems; material consolidation and removal; secure transportation; materials disposition and conversion to less attractive forms; implementation of detection and measurement technologies; security operations training; facility conversions, upgrades and renovations; and sustainability management.
- (4) Other United States-sponsored activities outside the United States, as requested or approved by the President of the United States, the Secretary of Energy, the Deputy Secretary of Energy, or an Under Secretary and provided that the request or approval specifically makes the indemnity provided by this clause applicable thereto, involving:
 - (i) Transparency monitoring activities;
 - (ii) Inspection, packaging, transportation, and storage of weapons-usable nuclear materials or radiological material;
 - (iii) Nuclear materials protection, control and accountability programs
 - (iv) Other non-proliferation, emergency response, antiterrorism and similar critical national security activities involving the use, detection, identification, assessment, control, containment, dismantlement, characterization, packaging, transportation, movement, storage, or disposal of nuclear, radiological, chemical, biological, or explosive materials, facilities and/or devices; provided that the activity relates to materials that are weapon usable or otherwise have the potential for mass destruction.
- (5) Assistance to the Department of Energy's Global Threat Reduction Initiative (GTRI) and its successor fuel return programs to repatriate non-U.S.-origin highly enriched uranium (HEU) nuclear materials from research reactors outside of the United States. Assistance includes project planning, project management, technical support, and contracting for-

- (i) the preparation, loading, and transportation of HEU nuclear materials and spent nuclear fuel from the host country to the country of origin;
 - (ii) the processing, conditioning, and storage of HEU nuclear materials, spent nuclear fuel, and associated waste streams within the country of origin; and
 - (iii) the provision of alternate reactor fuel or technologies to the host country as directed by GTRI or its successor program.
- (6) Participation in tasks or activities by UT-Battelle or its subcontractors on or after March 11, 2011 that is directed or authorized by the U.S. Department of Energy or the U.S. Department of Energy National Nuclear Security Administration as an element of activities taken in response to the Japanese earthquake and tsunami, including efforts to address and assess damage to nuclear power plants and potential radioactive releases from these plants now and in the future.
- b. The unusually hazardous or nuclear risks described above are indemnified only to the extent that they are not covered by the Price-Anderson Act (section 170d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, (42 U.S.C. Section 2210d.) or where the indemnification provided by the Price-Anderson Act is limited by the restriction on public liability imposed by section 170e. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, (42 U.S.C. Section 2210e.) to an amount which is not sufficient to provide complete indemnification for the legal liability to which the contractor is exposed.

H-50 Special provisions relating to work funded under American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Apr 2009)

Preamble:

Work performed under this contract will be funded, in whole or in part, with funds appropriated by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5, (Recovery Act or Act). The Recovery Act's purposes are to stimulate the economy and to create and retain jobs. The Act gives preference to activities that can be started and completed expeditiously, including a goal of using at least 50 percent of the funds made available by it for activities that can be initiated not later than June 17, 2009.

Contractors should begin planning activities for their first tier subcontractors, including obtaining a DUNS number (or updating the existing DUNS record), and registering with the Central Contractor Registration (CCR).

Be advised that Recovery Act funds can be used in conjunction with other funding as necessary to complete projects, but tracking and reporting must be separate to meet the reporting requirements of the Recovery Act and related Guidance. For projects funded by sources other than the Recovery Act, Contractors should plan to keep separate records for Recovery Act funds and to ensure those records comply with the requirements of the Act.

The Government has not fully developed the implementing instructions of the Recovery Act, particularly concerning the how and where for the new reporting requirements. The Contractor will be provided these details as they become available. The Contractor must comply with all requirements of the Act. If the Contractor believes there is any inconsistency between ARRA requirements and current contract requirements, the issues will be referred to the Contracting Officer for reconciliation.

Be advised that special provisions may apply to projects funded by the Act relating to:

- Reporting, tracking and segregation of incurred costs;
- Reporting on job creation and preservation;
- Publication of information on the Internet;
- Protecting whistleblowers; and
- Requiring prompt referral of evidence of a false claim to the Inspector General.

Definitions:

For purposes of this clause, "Covered Funds" means funds expended or obligated from appropriations under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5. Covered Funds will have special accounting codes and will be identified as Recovery Act funds in the contract and/or modification using Recovery Act funds. Covered Funds must be reimbursed by September 30, 2015.

Non-Federal employer means any employer with respect to Covered Funds -- the Contractor or subcontractor, as the case may be, if the Contractor or subcontractor is an employer; and any professional membership organization, certification of other professional body, any agent or licensee of the Federal government, or any person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer receiving Covered Funds; or with respect to Covered Funds received

by a State or local government, the State or local government receiving the funds and any contractor or subcontractor receiving the funds and any contractor or subcontractor of the State or local government; and does not mean any department, agency, or other entity of the federal government.

(a) Flow Down Provision

This clause must be included in every first-tier subcontract.

(b) Segregation and Payment of Costs

Contractor must segregate the obligations and expenditures related to funding under the Recovery Act. Financial and accounting systems should be revised as necessary to segregate, track and maintain these funds apart and separate from other revenue streams. No part of the funds from the Recovery Act shall be commingled with any other funds or used for a purpose other than that of making payments for costs allowable for Recovery Act projects. Where Recovery Act funds are authorized to be used in conjunction with other funding to complete projects, tracking and reporting must be separate from the original funding source to meet the reporting requirements of the Recovery Act and OMB Guidance.

Invoices must clearly indicate the portion of the requested payment that is for work funded by the Recovery Act.

(c) Prohibition on Use of Funds

None of the funds provided under this agreement derived from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5, may be for any casino or other gambling establishment, aquarium, zoo, golf course, or swimming pool.

(d) Wage Rates

All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors and subcontractors on projects funded directly by or assisted in whole or in part by and through the Federal Government pursuant to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5, shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect to the

labor standards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267, 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40 United States Code. See <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/contracts/dbra.htm> .

(e) Publication

Information about this agreement will be published on the Internet and linked to the website www.recovery.gov , maintained by the Accountability and Transparency Board (the Board). The Board may exclude posting contractual or other information on the website on a case-by-case basis when necessary to protect national security or to protect information that is not subject to disclosure under sections 552 and 552a of title 5, United States Code.

(f) Registration requirements

Contractor shall ensure that all first-tier subcontractors have a DUNS number and are registered in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) no later than the date the first report is due under FAR 52.201-11 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act - Reporting Requirements.

(g) Utilization of Small Business

Contractor shall to the maximum extent practicable give a preference to small business in the award of subcontracts for projects funded by Recovery Act dollars.

H-51 Fast Track CRADA Authority

This clause establishes the authority for the Contractor to enter into Fast Track Cooperative Research And Development Agreements (CRADAs) subject to the guidance set forth in Acquisition Letter no. AL 2012-09 for the implementation of Fast Track Option A (“Option A”). Option A provides for the streamlined approval of proposed CRADAs that use preapproved terms and conditions and also fall within the general scope of research areas set forth in an agency-approved annual strategic plan. For the sake of clarity, the approval process for CRADAs meeting the criteria of Option A shall be deemed to satisfy the obligations pertaining to the Contracting Officer’s approval of proposed CRADAs set forth at paragraph (n) of clause I.142 (Technology Transfer Mission) of this Contract.

H-52 DOE-H-1002 Employee Compensation: Pay and Benefits (Modified)

(a) Total Compensation System

The Contractor shall develop, implement and maintain formal policies, practices and procedures to be used in the administration of its compensation system consistent with FAR 31.205-6 and DEAR 970.3102-05-6; “Compensation for Personal Services” (“Total Compensation System”). DOE-approved standards, if any, shall be applied to the Total Compensation System. The Contractor’s Total Compensation System shall be fully documented, consistently applied, and acceptable to the Contracting Officer. Periodic appraisals of contractor performance with respect to the Contractors’ Total Compensation System will be conducted.

The description of the Contractor Employee Compensation Program should include the following components;

- a. Philosophy and strategy for all pay delivery programs.
- b. System for establishing a job worth hierarchy.
- c. Method for relating internal job worth hierarchy to external market.
- d. System that links individual and/or group performance to compensation decisions.
- e. Method for planning and monitoring the expenditure of funds.
- f. Method for ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- g. System for communicating the programs to employees.
- h. System for internal controls and self-assessment.
- i. System to ensure that reimbursement of compensation, including stipends, for employees who are on joint appointments with a parent or other organization shall be on a pro-rated basis.

(b) Reports and Information

The Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer with the following reports and information with respect to pay and benefits provided under this Contract:

- (1) An Annual Contractor Salary-Wage Increase Expenditure Report to include, at a minimum, breakouts for merit, promotion, variable pay, special adjustments, and
- (2) structure movements for each pay structure showing actual against approved amounts.
- (3) A list of the top five most highly compensated executives as defined in FAR 31.205-6(p)(4)(ii)(B) and their total cash compensation at the time of Contract award, and annually thereafter.
- (4) The Compensation and Benefits Report no later than March 1 of each year.
- (5) A report pursuant to DOE Acquisition Letter 2014-07 (or its successor requirement) of the types and amounts of compensation included in the calculation of the compensation cap discussed in paragraph (c) below.

(c) Pay and Benefit Programs

The Contractor shall maintain pay and benefit programs for its employees; provided, however, that employees scheduled to work fewer than 20 hours per week receive only those benefits required by law. Employees are eligible for benefits, subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations of each benefit program. Reimbursement for individual compensation is subject to the limits established by 41 U.S.C. 4304(a)(16).

(1) Cash Compensation

(A) The Contractor shall submit the following, as applicable, to the Contracting Officer for a determination of cost allowability for reimbursement under the Contract:

- (i) Any proposed major compensation program design changes prior to implementation.

- (ii) Variable pay programs/incentives. If not already authorized under Appendix A of the contract, a justification shall be provided with proposed costs and impacts to budget, if any.
- (iii) In the absence of Departmental policy to the contrary (e.g., Secretarial pay freeze) a Contractor that meets the criteria, as set forth below, is not required to submit a Compensation Increase Plan (CIP) request to the Contracting Officer for an advance determination of cost allowability for a Merit Increase fund or Promotion/Adjustment fund:
- The Merit Increase fund does not exceed the mean percent increase included in the annual Departmental guidance providing the WorldatWork Salary Budget Survey's salary increase projected for the CIP year. The Promotion/Adjustment fund does not exceed 1% percent in total.
 - The budget used for both Merit Increase funds and Promotion/Adjustment funds shall be based on the payroll for the end of the previous CIP year.
 - Salary structure adjustments do not exceed the mean WorldatWork structure adjustments projected for the CIP year and communicated through the annual Department CIP guidance.
 - Please note: No later than the first day of the CIP cycle, Contractors must provide notification to the Contracting Officer of planned increases and position to market data by mutually agreed-upon employment categories.
- (iv) If a Contractor does not meet the criteria included in (iii) above, a CIP must be submitted to the Contracting Officer for an advance determination of cost allowability. The CIP for a Contractor that has received Contracting Officer approval for having an Employee Compensation Program with the components identified under (a)(1) above should include the following components and data:

- (1) Market analysis summary, including a comparison of average pay to market average pay.
 - (2) Merit Fund requests for each Employee Group (i.e., S&E, Administrative, Technical, Exempt/Non-Exempt)
 - (3) Aging factors used for escalating survey data
 - (4) Projection of escalation in the market
 - (5) Information to support proposed structure adjustments, if any.
 - (6) Analysis to support special adjustments or promotions that exceed the 1% Promotion/Adjustment fund authorized under Section III. (b) of Appendix A.
 - (7) Discussion of recruitment/retention issues (e.g., turnover and hiring) relevant to the proposed increase amounts.
 - (8) A discussion of the impact of budget and business constraints on the CIP amount.
- (v) Reimbursed salary levels are used to establish the annual CIP fund.
 - (vi) All pay actions granted under the CIP are fully charged when they occur regardless of time of year in which the action transpires and whether the employee terminates before year end.
 - (vii) Specific Employee or Payroll groups (e.g., exempt, nonexempt) for which CIP amounts are intended shall be defined by mutual agreement between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer.
 - (viii) The Contracting Officer may adjust the CIP amount after approval based on major changes in factors that significantly

affect the plan amount (for example, in the event of a major reduction in force or significant ramp-up).

- (ix) The Contractor may make minor shifts of merit funds between employment categories (e.g., Scientist/Engineer, Admin, Exempt, Non-Exempt) after approval of the CIP or if criteria under (c)(1)(A)(iii) was met, in order to meet the compensation requirements of its organization, subject to the following guidelines:
- Minor shift is defined as up to 10% of the approved merit funds from one employment category to another (e.g, 10% of Admin merit funds shifted to Technician employment category).
 - Total merit increase expenditures will be limited to the total merit fund authorized.
 - The Contractor will notify the Contracting Officer that funds have been shifted; it is recognized that a summary report is sufficient notice.
- (B) Individual compensation actions for the top contractor official (e.g., laboratory director/plant manager or equivalent) and Key Personnel not included in the CIP. For those Key Personnel included in the CIP, DOE will approve salaries upon the initial contract award and when Key Personnel are replaced during the life of the contract. DOE will have access to all individual salary reimbursements. This access is provided for transparency; DOE will not approve individual salary actions (except as previously stated).
- (C) The Contracting Officer's approval of individual compensation actions will be required only for the top contractor official (e.g., laboratory director/plant manager or equivalent) and Key Personnel as stated in (c)(1)(B) above. The contractor shall not be reimbursed for the top contractor official's incentive compensation. The base salary reimbursement level for the top contractor official establishes the

maximum allowable salary reimbursement under the contract when compared to subordinate compensation, which would include base salary and any potential incentive compensation under an incentive compensation agreement. Unusual circumstances may require a deviation for an individual on a case-by-case basis. Any such deviations must be approved by the Contracting Officer.

(D) Severance Pay is not payable to an employee under this Contract if the employee:

- (i) Voluntarily separates, resigns or retires from employment, (unless associated with a workforce restructuring action in accordance with Appendix A, Section XI, Reductions in Contractor Employment)
- (ii) Is offered employment with a successor/replacement Contractor,
- (iii) Is offered employment with a parent or affiliated company, or
- (iv) Is discharged for cause.

(E) Service Credit for purposes of determining severance pay does not include any period of prior service for which severance pay has been previously paid through a DOE cost-reimbursement contract.

(d) Pension and Other Benefit Programs

- (1) No presumption of allowability will exist when the Contractor implements a new benefit plan or makes changes to existing benefit plans that increase costs or are contrary to Departmental policy or written instruction or until the Contracting Officer makes a determination of cost allowability for reimbursement for new or changed benefit plans. Changes shall be in accordance with and pursuant to the terms and conditions of the contract. Advance notification, rather than approval, is required for changes that do not increase costs and are not contrary to Departmental policy or written instruction.

- (2) Cost reimbursement for Employee pension and other benefit programs sponsored by the Contractor will be based on the Contracting Officer's approval of Contractor actions pursuant to an approved "Employee Benefits Value Study" and an "Employee Benefits Cost Survey Comparison" as described below.
- (3) Unless otherwise stated, or as directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall submit the studies required in paragraphs (A) and (B) below. The studies shall be used by the Contractor in calculating the cost of benefits under existing benefit plans. An Employee Benefits Value (Ben-Val) Study Method using no less than 15 comparator organizations and an Employee Benefits Cost Survey comparison Method shall be used in this evaluation to establish an appropriate comparison method. In addition, the Contractor shall submit updated studies to the Contracting Officer for approval prior to the adoption of any change to a pension or other benefit plan which increases costs.
 - (A) The Ben-Val, every three years for each benefit tier (e.g., group of employees receiving a benefit package based on date of hire), which is an actuarial study of the relative value (RV) of the benefits programs offered by the Contractor to Employees measured against the RV of benefit programs offered by comparator companies approved by the Contracting Officer. To the extent that the value studies do not address post retirement benefits other than pensions, the Contractor shall provide a separate cost and plan design data comparison for the post retirement benefits other than pensions using external benchmarks derived from nationally recognized and Contracting Officer approved survey sources and,
 - (B) An Employee Benefits Cost Study Comparison, annually for each benefit tier that analyzes the Contractor's employee benefits cost for Employees on a per capita basis per full time equivalent employee and as a percent of payroll and compares it with the cost reported by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics or other Contracting Officer approved broad based national survey.
- (4) When the net benefit value exceeds the comparator group by more than five percent, the Contractor shall submit a corrective action plan to the Contracting Officer for approval, unless waived in writing by the Contracting Officer.

- (5) When the average total benefit per capita cost or total benefit cost as a percent of payroll exceeds the comparator group by more than five percent, the Contractor shall submit an analysis of the specific plan costs that are above the per capita cost range or total benefit cost as a percent of payroll and a corrective action plan to achieve conformance with a Contracting Officer directed per capita cost range or total benefit cost as a percent of payroll, unless waived in writing by the Contracting Officer.
 - (6) Within two years of Contracting Officer approval of the Contractor's corrective action plan, the Contractor shall align employee benefit programs with the benefit value and per capita cost range or percent of payroll as approved by the Contracting Officer.
 - (7) The Contractor may not terminate any benefit plan during the term of the Contract without the prior approval of the Contracting Officer in writing.
 - (8) Cost reimbursement for post-retirement benefits other than pensions (PRBs) is contingent on DOE approved service eligibility requirements for PRB that shall be based on a minimum period of continuous employment service not less than 5 years under a DOE cost reimbursement contract(s) immediately prior to retirement. Unless required by Federal or State law, advance funding of PRBs is not allowable.
 - (9) Each Contractor sponsoring a Defined Benefit pension plan and/or postretirement benefit plan will participate in the annual plan management process which includes written responses to a questionnaire regarding plan management, providing forecasted estimates of future reimbursements in connection with the plan(s) and participating in a conference call to discuss the Contractor submission (see (f)(6) below for Pension Management Plan requirements).
 - (10) Each Contractor will respond to quarterly data calls issued through iBenefits, or its successor system.
- (e) Establishment and Maintenance of Pension Plans for which DOE Reimburses Costs

- (1) Employees working for the Contractor shall only accrue credit for service under this Contract after the date of Contract award.
- (2) Except for Commingled Plans in existence as of the effective date of the Contract, any pension plan maintained by the Contractor for which DOE reimburses costs, shall be maintained as a separate pension plan distinct from any other pension plan that provides credit for service not performed under a DOE cost-reimbursement contract. When deemed appropriate by the Contracting Officer, Commingled Plans shall be converted to separate plans at the time of new contract award or the extension of a contract.

(f) Basic Requirements

The Contractor shall adhere to the requirements set forth below in the establishment and administration of pension plans that are reimbursed by DOE pursuant to cost reimbursement contracts for management and operation of DOE facilities and pursuant to other cost reimbursement facilities contracts. Pension Plans include Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution plans.

- (1) The Contractor shall become a sponsor of the existing pension and other benefit plans (or comparable successor plans), including other PRB plans, as applicable, with responsibility for management and administration of the plans. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining the qualified status of those plans consistent with the requirements of ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The Contractor shall carry over the length of service credit and leave balances accrued as of the date of the Contractor's assumption of Contract performance.
- (2) Each Contractor defined benefit and defined contribution pension plan shall be subjected to a limited-scope audit annually that satisfies the requirements of ERISA section 103, except that every third year the Contractor must conduct a full-scope audit of defined benefit plan(s) satisfying ERISA section 103. Alternatively, the Contractor may conduct a full-scope audit satisfying ERISA section 103 annually. In all cases, the Contractor must submit the audit results to the Contracting Officer. In years in which a limited scope audit is conducted, the Contractor must provide the Contracting Officer with a copy of the qualified trustee or custodian's certification regarding the investment information that provides the basis for the plan sponsor to satisfy reporting requirements under ERISA section 104.

While there is no requirement to submit a full scope audit for defined contribution plans, contractors are responsible for maintaining adequate controls for ensuring that defined contribution plan assets are correctly recorded and allocated to plan participants.

- (3) For existing Commingled Plans, the Contractor shall maintain and provide annual separate accounting of DOE liabilities and assets as for a Separate Plan.
 - (4) For existing Commingled Plans, the Contractor shall be liable for any shortfall in the plan assets caused by funding or events unrelated to DOE contracts.
 - (5) The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of ERISA if applicable to the pension plan and any other applicable laws.
 - (6) The Pension Management Plan (PMP) shall include a discussion of the Contractor's plans for management and administration of all pension plans consistent with the terms of the Contract. The PMP shall be submitted in the iBenefits system, or its successor system no later than January 31st of each applicable year. A full description of the necessary reporting will be provided in the annual management plan data request. Within sixty (60) days after the date of the submission, appropriate Contractor representatives shall participate in a conference call to discuss the Contractor's PMP submission and any other current plan issues or concerns.
- (g) Reimbursement of Contractors for Contributions to Defined Benefit Pension Plans
- (1) Contractors that sponsor single employer or multiple employer defined benefit pension plans will be reimbursed for the annual required minimum contributions under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), as amended by the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006 and any other subsequent amendments. Reimbursement above the annual minimum required contribution will require prior approval of the Contracting Officer. Reimbursement amounts will take into consideration all pre-funding balances and funding standard carryover balances.
 - Early in the fiscal year but no later than the end of November, the Contractor requesting above the minimum may submit/update a business case for funding above the minimum if preliminary approval is needed prior to the Pension Management Plan process. The business case shall include a projection of the annual minimum required contribution and the proposed contribution above

the minimum. The submission of the business case will provide the opportunity for the Department to provide preliminary approval, within 30 days after contractor submission, pending receipt of final estimates, generally after January 1st of the calendar year. Final approval of funding will be communicated by the Head of Contracting Activity (HCA) when discount rates are finalized and it is known whether there are any budget issues with the proposed contribution amount.

- (2) Contractors that sponsor multi-employer DB pension plans will be reimbursed for pension contributions in the amounts necessary to ensure that the plans are funded to meet the annual minimum requirement under ERISA, as amended by the PPA. However, reimbursement for pension contributions above the annual minimum contribution required under ERISA, as amended by the PPA, will require prior approval of the Contracting Officer and will be considered on a case by case basis. Reimbursement amounts will take into consideration all pre-funding balances and funding standard carryover balances.
 - Early in the fiscal year but no later than the end of November, the Contractor requesting above the minimum may submit/update a business case for funding above the minimum if preliminary approval is needed prior to the Pension Management Plan process. The business case shall include a projection of the annual minimum required contribution and the proposed contribution above the minimum. The submission of the business case will provide the opportunity for the Department to provide preliminary approval, within 30 days after contractor submission, pending receipt of final estimates, generally after January 1st of the calendar year. Final approval of funding will be communicated by the Head of Contracting Activity (HCA) when discount rates are finalized and it is known whether there are any budget issues with the proposed contribution amount.

(h) Reporting Requirements for Designated Contracts

The following reports shall be submitted to DOE as soon as possible after the last day of the plan year by the Contractor responsible for each designated pension plan funded by DOE but no later than the dates specified below:

- (1) Actuarial Valuation Reports. The annual actuarial valuation report for each DOE-reimbursed pension plan and when a pension plan is commingled, the Contractor shall submit separate reports for DOE's portion and the plan total by the due date for filing IRS Form 5500.

- (2) Forms 5500. Copies of IRS Forms 5500 with Schedules for each DOE-funded pension plan, no later than that submitted to the IRS.
- (3) Forms 5300. Copies of all forms in the 5300 series submitted to the IRS that document the establishment, amendment, termination, spin-off, or merger of a plan submitted to the IRS.

(i) Changes to Pension Plans

At least sixty (60) days prior to the adoption of any changes to a pension plan, the Contractor shall submit the information required below to the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer must approve or disapprove plan changes that increase costs as part of a determination as to whether the costs are deemed allowable pursuant to FAR 31.205-6, as supplemented by DEAR 970.3102-05-6.

- (1) For proposed changes to pension plans and pension plan funding, the Contractor shall provide the following to the Contracting Officer:
 - (A) a copy of the current plan document (as conformed to show all prior plan amendments), with the proposed new amendment indicated in redline/strikeout;
 - (B) an analysis of the impact of any proposed changes on actuarial accrued liabilities and costs;
 - (C) except in circumstances where the Contracting Officer indicates that it is unnecessary, a legal explanation of the proposed changes from the counsel used by the plan for purposes of compliance with all legal requirements applicable to private sector defined benefit pension plans;
 - (D) the Summary Plan Description; and,
 - (E) any such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer.
- (2) Contractors shall submit new benefit plans and changes to plan design or funding methodology with justification to the Contracting Officer for approval, unless approval is not required by (d)(1) above. The justification must:
 - (A) demonstrate the effect of the plan changes on the contract net benefit value or per capita benefit costs,

- (B) provide the dollar estimate of savings or costs, and
- (C) provide the basis of determining the estimated savings or cost.

(j) Terminating Operations

When operations at a designated DOE facility are terminated and no further work is to occur under the prime contract, the following apply:

- (1) No further benefits for service shall accrue.
- (2) The Contractor shall provide a determination statement in its settlement proposal, defining and identifying all liabilities and assets attributable to the DOE contract.
- (3) The Contractor shall base its pension liabilities attributable to DOE contract work on the market value of annuities or lump sum payments or dispose of such liabilities through a competitive purchase of annuities or lump sum payouts.
- (4) Assets shall be determined using the “accrual-basis market value” on the date of termination of operations.
- (5) DOE and the Contractor(s) shall establish an effective date for spinoff or plan termination. On the same day as the Contractor notifies the IRS of the spinoff or plan termination, all plan assets assigned to a spun-off or terminating plan shall be placed in a low-risk liability matching portfolio until the successor trustee, or an insurance company, is able to assume stewardship of those assets.

(k) Terminating Plans

- (1) DOE contractors shall not terminate any pension plan (Commingled or site specific) without requesting Departmental approval at least 60 days prior to the scheduled date of plan termination.
- (2) To the extent possible, the Contractor shall satisfy plan liabilities to plan participants by the purchase of annuities through competitive bidding on the open annuity market or lump sum payouts. The Contractor shall apply the assumptions and procedures of the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

- (3) Funds to be paid or transferred to any party as a result of settlements relating to pension plan termination or reassignment shall accrue interest from the effective date of termination or reassignment until the date of payment or transfer.
- (4) If ERISA or IRC rules prevent a full transfer of excess DOE reimbursed assets from the terminated plan, the Contractor shall pay any deficiency directly to DOE according to a schedule of payments to be negotiated by the parties.
- (5) On or before the same day as the Contractor notifies the IRS of the spinoff or plan termination, all plan assets assigned to a spun-off or terminating plan shall be placed in a low-risk liability matching portfolio until the successor trustee, or an insurance company, is able to assume stewardship of those assets.
- (6) DOE liability to a Commingled pension plan shall not exceed that portion which corresponds to DOE contract service. The DOE shall have no other liability to the plan, to the plan sponsor, or to the plan participants.
- (7) After all liabilities of the plan are satisfied, the Contractor shall return to DOE an amount equaling the asset reversion from the plan termination and any earnings which accrue on that amount because of a delay in the payment to DOE. Such amount and such earnings shall be subject to DOE audit. To effect the purposes of this paragraph, DOE and the Contractor may stipulate to a schedule of payments.

(l) Special Programs

Contractors must advise DOE and receive prior approval for each early-out program, window benefit, disability program, plan-loan feature, employee contribution refund, asset reversion, or incidental benefit.

(m) Definitions

- (1) Commingled Plans. Cover employees from the Contractor's private operations and its DOE contract work.
- (2) Current Liability. The sum of all plan liabilities to employees and their beneficiaries. Current liability includes only benefits accrued to the date of valuation. This liability is commonly expressed as a present value.

- (3) Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Provides a specific benefit at retirement that is determined pursuant to the formula in the pension plan document.
- (4) Defined Contribution Pension Plan. Provides benefits to each participant based on the amount held in the participant's account. Funds in the account may be comprised of employer contributions, employee contributions, investment returns on behalf of that plan participant and/or other amounts credited to the participant's account.
- (5) Designated Contract. For purposes of this clause, a contract (other than a prime cost reimbursement contract for management and operation of a DOE facility) for which the Head of the Departmental Contracting Activity determines that advance pension understandings are necessary or where there is a continuing Departmental obligation to the pension plan.
- (6) Pension Fund. The portfolio of investments and cash provided by employer and employee contributions and investment returns. A pension fund exists to defray pension plan benefit outlays and (at the option of the plan sponsor) the administrative expenses of the plan.
- (7) Separate Accounting. Account records established and maintained within a commingled plan for assets and liabilities attributable to DOE contract service. NOTE: The assets so represented are not for the exclusive benefit of any one group of plan participants.
- (8) Separate Plan. Must satisfy IRC Sec. 414(l) definition of a single plan, designate assets for the exclusive benefit of employees under DOE contract, exist under a separate plan document (having its own Department of Labor plan number) that is distinct from corporate plan documents and identify the Contractor as the plan sponsor.
- (9) Spun-off Plan. A new plan which satisfies IRC Reg. 1.414 (l)-1 requirements for a single plan and which is created by separating assets and liabilities from a larger original plan. The funding level of each individual participant's benefits shall be no less than before the event, when calculated on a "plan termination basis."

H-53 DOE-H-1005 Workers' Compensation Insurance

- (a) Contractors, other than those whose workers' compensation coverage is provided through a state funded arrangement or a corporate benefits program, shall submit to the Contracting Officer for approval all new compensation policies and all initial proposals for self-insurance (contractors shall provide copies to the Contracting Officer of all renewal policies for workers compensation).
- (b) Workers compensation loss income benefit payments, when supplemented by other programs (such as salary continuation, short-term disability) are to be administered so that total benefit payments from all sources shall not exceed 100 percent of the employee's net pay.
- (c) Contractors approve all workers compensation settlement claims up to the threshold established by the Contracting Officer for DOE approval and submit all settlement claims above the threshold to DOE for approval.
- (d) The Contractor shall obtain approval from the CO before making any significant change to its workers compensation coverage and shall furnish reports as may be required from time to time by the CO.

H-54 DOE-H-1007 Post Contract Responsibilities for Pension and Other Benefit Plans

- (a) If this Contract expires or terminates and DOE has awarded a contract under which the new contractor becomes a sponsor and assumes responsibility for management and administration of the pension or other benefit plans covering active or retired contractor employees with respect to service at ORNL (collectively, the "Plans"), the Contractor shall cooperate and transfer to the new contractor its responsibility for sponsorship, management and administration of the Plans consistent with direction from the Contracting Officer. If a Commingled plan is involved, the Contractor shall:
 - (1) spin off the DOE portion of any Commingled Plan used to cover employees working at the DOE facility into a separate plan. The new plan will normally provide benefits similar to those provided by the commingled plan and shall carry with it the DOE assets on an accrual basis market value, including DOE assets that have accrued in excess of DOE liabilities.

- (2) bargain in good faith with DOE or the successor contractor to determine the assumptions and methods for establishing the liabilities involved in a spinoff. DOE and the Contractor(s) shall establish an effective date of spinoff. On or before the same day as the Contractor notifies the IRS of the spinoff or plan termination, all plan assets assigned to a spun-off or terminating plan shall be placed in a low-risk liability matching portfolio until the successor trustee, or an insurance company, is able to assume stewardship of those assets.
- (b) If this Contract expires or terminates and DOE has not awarded a contract to a new contractor under which the new contractor becomes a sponsor and assumes responsibility for management and administration of the Plans, or if the Contracting Officer determines that the scope of work under the Contract has been completed (any one such event may be deemed by the Contracting Officer to be “Contract Completion” for purposes of this clause), whichever is earlier, and notwithstanding any other obligations and requirements concerning expiration or termination under any other clause of this Contract, the following actions shall occur regarding the Contractor’s obligations regarding the Plans at the time of Contract Completion:
 - (1) Subject to subparagraph (2) below, and notwithstanding any legal obligations independent of the Contract the Contractor may have regarding responsibilities for sponsorship, management, and administration of the Plans, the Contractor shall remain the sponsor of the Plans, in accordance with applicable legal requirements.
 - (2) The parties shall exercise their best efforts to reach agreement on the Contractor's responsibilities for sponsorship, management and administration of the Plans prior to or at the time of Contract Completion. However, if the parties have not reached agreement on the Contractor's responsibilities for sponsorship, management and administration of the Plans prior to or at the time of Contract Completion, unless and until such agreement is reached, the Contractor shall comply with written direction from the Contracting Officer regarding the Contractor's responsibilities for continued provision of pension and welfare benefits under the Plans, including but not limited to continued sponsorship of the Plans, in accordance with applicable legal requirements. To the extent that the Contractor incurs costs in implementing direction from the Contracting Officer,

the Contractor's costs will be reimbursed pursuant to applicable Contract provisions.

H-55 DOE-H-1024 Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)

- (a) The DOE and the Contractor both recognize that methods for fair and efficient resolution of significant disputes are essential to the successful and timely achievement of critical milestones and completion of all Contract requirements. Accordingly, the parties agree that in the event of a dispute to jointly select a 'standing neutral.' The standing neutral will be available to help resolve disputes as they arise. Such standing neutral can be an individual, a board comprised of three independent experts, or a company with specific expertise in the Contract area. If a standing neutral cannot be agreed upon, the DOE Office of Dispute Resolution will make a selection. Specific joint ADR processes shall be developed.
- (b) The parties agree the following provision may be invoked for significant disputes upon mutual agreement of the DOE and the Contractor:
 - (1) DOE and the Contractor shall use their best efforts to informally resolve any dispute, claim, question, or disagreement by consulting and negotiating with each other in good faith, recognizing their mutual interests, and attempting to reach a just and equitable solution satisfactory to both parties. If any agreement cannot be reached through informal negotiations within 30 days after the start of negotiations, then such disagreement shall be referred to the standing neutral, pursuant to the jointly-developed ADR procedures.
 - (2) The standing neutral will not render a decision, but will assist the parties in reaching a mutually satisfactory agreement. In the event the parties are unable after 30 days to reach such an agreement, either party may request, and the standing neutral will render, a non-binding advisory opinion. Such opinion shall not be admissible in evidence in any subsequent proceedings.
- (c) If one party to this Contract requests the use of the process set forth in Paragraphs b(1) and b(2) of this clause and the other party disagrees, the party disagreeing must express its position in writing to the other party. On any such occasion, if the party requesting the above process wishes to file a claim they may proceed in accordance with Section I, FAR 52.233-1 Disputes or FAR 52.233-1 Disputes Alternate I.

H-56 DOE-H-2073 Risk Management and Insurance Programs

Contractor officials shall ensure that the requirements set forth below are applied in the establishment and administration of DOE-funded prime cost reimbursement contracts for management and operation of DOE facilities and other designated long-lived onsite contracts for which the Contractor has established separate operating business units.

1. BASIC REQUIREMENTS

- a. Maintain commercial insurance or a self-insured program, (i.e., any insurance policy or coverage that protects the Contractor from the risk of legal liability for adverse actions associated with its operation, including malpractice, injury, or negligence) as required by the terms of the contract. Types of insurance include automobile, general liability, and other third party liability insurance. Other forms of coverage must be justified as necessary in the operation of the Department facility and/or the performance of the contract, and approved by the DOE.
- b. Contractors shall not purchase insurance to cover public liability for nuclear incidents without DOE authorization (See DEAR 970.5070, Indemnification, and DEAR 950.70, Nuclear Indemnification of DOE Contractors).
- c. Demonstrate that insurance programs and costs comply with the cost limitations and exclusions at FAR 28.307, Insurance Under Cost Reimbursement Contracts, FAR 31.205-19, Insurance and Indemnification, DEAR 952.231-71 Insurance-Litigation and Claims, and DEAR970.5228-1, Insurance-Litigation and Claims.
- d. Demonstrate that the insurance program is being conducted in the government's best interest and at reasonable cost.
- e. The Contractor shall submit copies of all insurance policies or insurance arrangements to the Contracting Officer no later than 30 days after the purchase date.
- f. When purchasing commercial insurance, the Contractor shall use a competitive process to ensure costs are reasonable.
- g. Ensure self-insurance programs include the following elements:
 - (1) Compliance with criteria set forth in FAR 28.308, Self-Insurance. Approval of self-insurance is predicated upon submission of verifiable proof that the

self-insurance charge does not exceed the cost of purchased insurance. This includes hybrid plans (i.e., commercially purchased insurance with self-insured retention (SIR) such as large deductible, matching deductible, retrospective rating cash flow plans, and other plans where insurance reserves are under the control of the insured). The SIR components of such plans are self-insurance and are subject to the approval and submission requirements of FAR 28.308, as applicable.

- (2) Demonstration of full compliance with applicable state and federal regulations and related professional administration necessary for participation in alternative insurance programs.
- (3) Safeguards to ensure third party claims and claims settlements are processed in accordance with approved procedures.
- (4) Accounting of self-insurance charges.
- (5) Accrual of self-insurance reserve. The Contracting Officer's approval is required and predicated upon the following:
 - (a) The claims reserve shall be held in a special fund or interest bearing account.
 - (b) Submission of a formal written statement to the Contracting Officer stating that use of the reserve is exclusively for the payment of insurance claims and losses, and that DOE shall receive its equitable share of any excess funds or reserve.
 - (c) Annual accounting and justification as to the reasonableness of the claims reserve submitted for Contracting Officer's review.
 - (d) Claim reserves, not payable within the year the loss occurred, are discounted to present value based on the prevailing Treasury rate.
- h. Separately identify and account for interest cost on a Letter of Credit used to guarantee self-insured retention, as an unallowable cost and omitted from charges to the DOE contract.

- i. Comply with the Contracting Officer's written direction for ensuring the continuation of insurance coverage and settlement of incurred and/or open claims and payments of premiums owed or owing to the insurer for prior DOE contractors.

2. PLAN EXPERIENCE REPORTING

The Contractor shall:

- a. provide the Contracting Officer with annual experience reports for each type of insurance (e.g., automobile and general liability), listing the following for each category:
 - (1) The amount paid for each claim.
 - (2) The amount reserved for each claim.
 - (3) The direct expenses related to each claim.
 - (4) A summary for the year showing total number of claims.
 - (5) A total amount for claims paid.
 - (6) A total amount reserved for claims.
 - (7) The total amount of direct expenses.
- b. provide the Contracting Officer with an annual report of insurance costs and/or self-insurance charges. When applicable, separately identify total policy expenses (e.g., commissions, premiums, and costs for claims servicing) and major claims during the year, including those expected to become major claims (e.g., those claims valued at \$100,000 or greater).
- c. provide additional claim financial experience data as may be requested on a case-by-case basis.

3. TERMINATING OPERATIONS

The Contractor shall:

- a. ensure protection of the government's interest through proper recording of cancellation credits due to policy terminations and/or experience rating.
 - b. identify and provide continuing insurance policy administration and management requirements to a successor, other DOE contractor, or as specified by the Contracting Officer.
 - c. reach agreement with DOE on the handling and settlement of self insurance claims incurred but not reported at the time of contract termination; otherwise, the Contractor shall retain this liability.
4. SUCCESSOR CONTRACTOR OR INSURANCE POLICY CANCELLATION

The Contractor shall:

- a. obtain the written approval of the Contracting Officer for any change in program direction; and
- b. ensure insurance coverage replacement is maintained as required and/or approved by the Contracting Officer.