

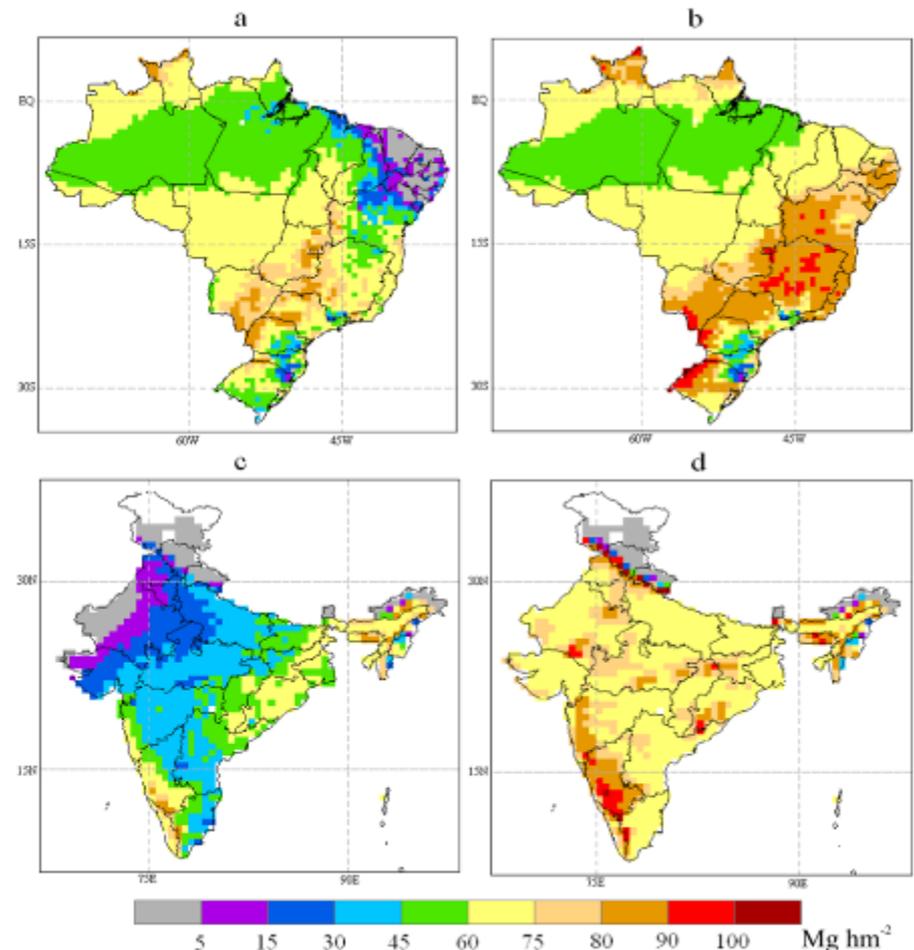
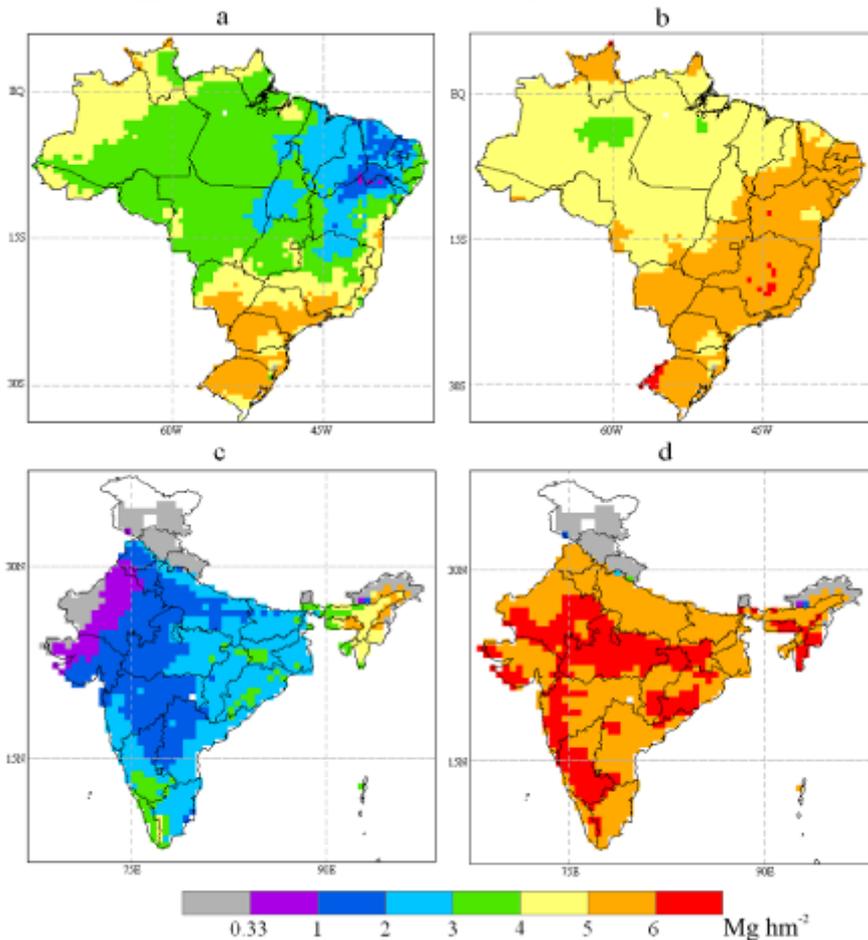
# Biofuels in Brazil and India

## options, impacts, limitations



**Joerg A. Priess, Subhashree Das,  
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# Land requirements and potential productivity of sugarcane and jatropha in Brazil and India



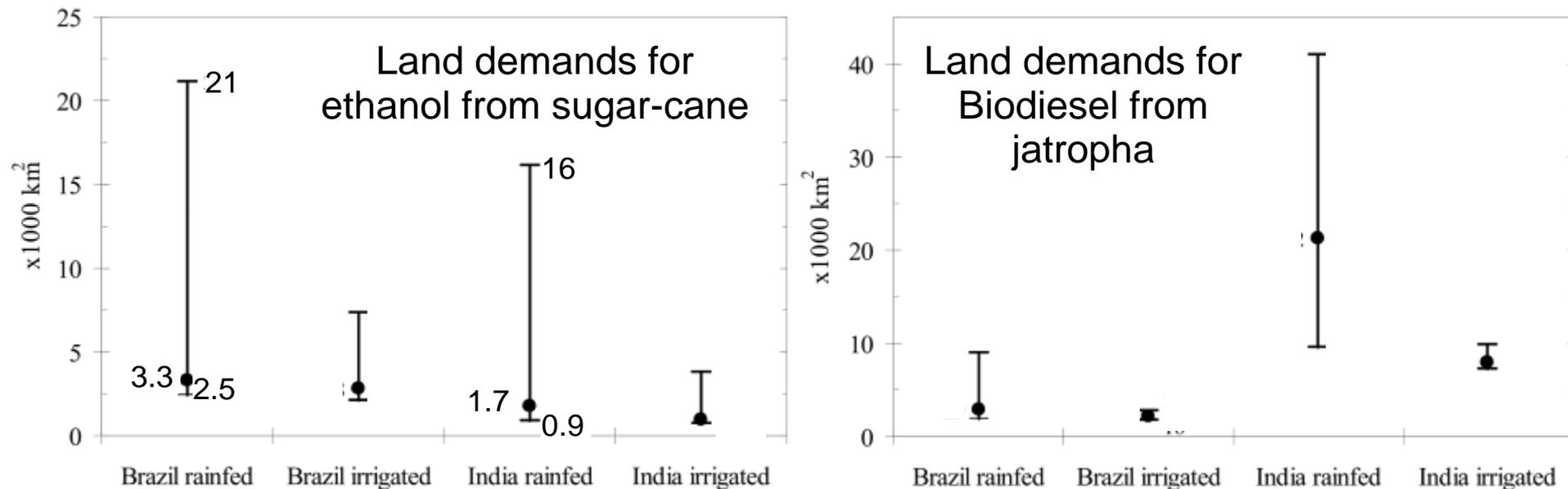
**Fig. 1: Jatropha** potential yields ( $\text{Mg hm}^{-2}$ ) in Brazil (a, b) and India (c, d), rainfed (a, c) and irrigated (b, d) averaged for 1971-2000 climate.

**Fig 2: Sugar-cane** potential yields in Brazil (a, b) and India (c, d), rainfed (a, c) and irrigated (b, d) averaged for 1971-2000 climate.

# Land requirements and potential productivity of sugarcane and jatropha in Brazil and India

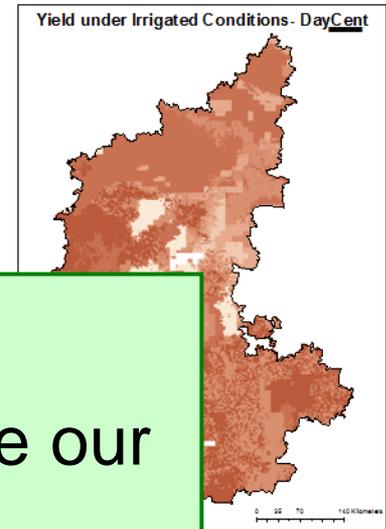
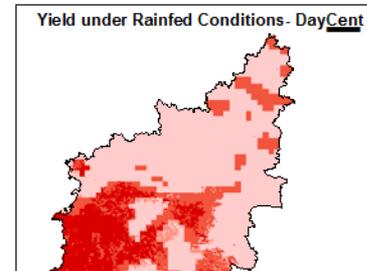
Meet government targets for biofuel production in 2015 with low or high productivity sites (increment compared to 2006/7).

	Brazil			India		
	Volume	Energy	Production	Volume	Energy	Production
<b>Ethanol</b>	+18.55 GJ	+395 PJ	+215 Mt (+103%)	+1.37 GJ	+32 PJ	+82 Mt (+249%)
<b>Biodiesel</b>	+3.1 GJ	+112 PJ	+11 Mt (+310%)	+13.16 GJ	+476 PJ	+47 Mt (+502%)



Source: D. M. Lapola, J. A. Priess, A. Bondeau (2009; Biomass & Bioenergy, accepted)

# Potential of Southindian wastelands (Karnataka) for biodiesel production



## Open Questions:

Do we know enough to parameterize our models adequately (scale!)?

Are our data sources (land availability) reliable?

What are the social & environmental trade-offs of bio-energy production?

	Potential Oil Yield (ton) (35% oil content)	
	DayCent	LPJmL
3. Land without scrub	26,550	220,796
4. Saline/Alkaline Lands	1,714	227,817
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>19,563</b>	<b>42,968</b>

3. Land without scrub	730	13,374	30,851	19,563	42,968
4. Saline/Alkaline Lands	166	2,587	7,420	3,622	10,388
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>10,235</b>	<b>193,893</b>	<b>358,550</b>	<b>271,451</b>	<b>501,970</b>

