

New and Old Homework:

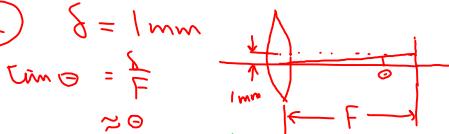
⑨ $\cos M = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr} M = \pm \frac{1}{8}$
 $\sin M = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 M} = \left(1 - \frac{1}{64}\right)^{1/2}$
 $\rho = \frac{\beta_0}{\sin M} = \sqrt{\frac{63}{64}} \beta_0 = \frac{\sqrt{63}}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8}$

⑩ $p = 10 \text{ GeV}/c$

$p_c = 10 \text{ GeV}$

$$\begin{aligned} p &= \gamma m v = \gamma m \beta c = \gamma \beta m c \\ p_c &= \gamma \beta m c^2 = \gamma \beta \cdot \text{Rest mass} \\ \gamma \beta &= p_c / \text{Rest mass} = \frac{10 \text{ GeV}}{0.93827 \text{ GeV}} \\ &\approx 11 \end{aligned}$$

⑪ $\delta = 1 \text{ mm}$



⑫ Stability:

$$\lambda = \frac{\operatorname{Tr} M}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\operatorname{Tr} M}{2}\right)^2 - 1}$$

$$\text{stable} \Leftrightarrow \left| \frac{\operatorname{Tr} M}{2} \right| \leq 1$$

$$\lambda_+ \lambda_- = 1$$

Assume n FODOs in ring

Assume one unversed up (backwards) magnet:

① Backward F magnet

$$\begin{aligned} &\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & L \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & L \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) = \\ &= \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & L \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & L \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \\ &= M_{\text{FODO focus}} \times \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Defocusing Backwards:

$$M_{FODO} \text{ defocusing } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Focusing case: } M_{BAD} = M_{FODO} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{RING} = M_{FODO}^{n-1} M_{BAD}$$

$$= M_{FODO}^n \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{FODO} = e^{M_J} \quad \mu = \text{phase advance in FODO, usually } 60^\circ - 90^\circ$$

$$M_{FODO}^n = e^{nM_J} \quad J = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \delta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= I \cos n\mu + J \sin n\mu$$

$$M_{RING} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos n\mu + d \sin n\mu & \beta \sin n\mu \\ -\gamma \sin n\mu & \cos n\mu - d \sin n\mu \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{F} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos n\mu + \alpha \sin n\mu + \frac{2}{F} \beta \sin n\mu & \beta \sin n\mu \\ -\gamma \sin n\mu + \frac{2}{F} (\cos n\mu - \frac{2}{F} d \sin n\mu) & \alpha \sin n\mu - d \sin n\mu \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr} M_{RING} = \cos n\mu + \frac{\beta}{F} \sin n\mu$$

$$= \cos n\mu + 2 \left(\frac{1 + \sin \frac{n\mu}{2}}{1 - \sin \frac{n\mu}{2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sin n\mu$$

(26) $\delta v = \frac{1}{4\pi} \sum_i \beta_i \Delta \frac{1}{F_i}$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \sqrt{K+AK} L & \frac{1}{\sqrt{K+AK}} \sin \sqrt{K+AK} L \\ -\sqrt{K+AK} \sin \sqrt{K+AK} L & \cos \sqrt{K+AK} L \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} L \rightarrow 0 \\ K \rightarrow \infty \end{array} \right\} L \propto \text{finite}, L\sqrt{K} \rightarrow 0$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -(K+AK)L & 1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \Delta \frac{1}{F} = \Delta K L$$

$$- \left(\frac{1}{3} \Delta \frac{1}{F} \right) \quad K = \frac{B_N}{RB}$$

$$\Delta K = \frac{\Delta B_N}{RB}$$

$$\delta v = \frac{1}{4\pi} \sum_i \beta_i \Delta \frac{1}{F_i} = \frac{1}{4\pi} \sum_i \beta_i \Delta K_i L_i$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi} \oint \beta \Delta K ds$$

$$\delta v = \frac{1}{4\pi} \notin \beta: \Delta(\frac{1}{f})$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta v^2 &= (\frac{1}{4\pi})^2 \sum_{i,j} \beta_i \Delta(\frac{1}{f})_i \sum_j \beta_j \Delta(\frac{1}{f})_j \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \sum_i \beta_i^2 \left(\Delta(\frac{1}{f})_i \right)^2 + \sum_{i,j} \beta_i \beta_j \Delta(\frac{1}{f})_i \Delta(\frac{1}{f})_j \right\} \\ &\approx \frac{1}{4\pi} N \bar{\beta}^2 \langle \Delta(\frac{1}{f})^2 \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\delta v = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{4\pi} \bar{\beta} \langle \Delta(\frac{1}{f})^2 \rangle^{1/2}$$

(27) $\Delta(\frac{1}{f}) = g = \frac{\Delta B_N}{R B}$

$$M_{\text{old}} = \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{\beta_s}{\beta_1}\right)^{1/2} (\cos \psi_0 + d, \sin \psi_0) & (\beta_1 \beta_s)^{1/2} \sin \psi_0 \\ m_{21} & m_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}M_{\text{New}} &= \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{\beta_s^N}{\beta_1}\right)^{1/2} (\cos \psi_N + d, \sin \psi_N) & (\beta_1 \beta_s^N)^{1/2} \sin \psi_N \\ m_{21}^N & m_{22}^N \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{\beta_s^N}{\beta_1}\right)^{1/2} (\cos \psi_0 + d, \sin \psi_0) & (\beta_1 \beta_s)^{1/2} \sin \psi_0 \\ m_{21} & m_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

$$11 \Rightarrow \left(\frac{\beta_s^N}{\beta_1}\right)^{1/2} (\cos \psi_N + d, \sin \psi_N) = \left(\frac{\beta_s}{\beta_1}\right)^{1/2} (\cos \psi_0 + d, \sin \psi_0)$$

$$12 \Rightarrow (\beta_s^N \beta_1)^{1/2} \sin \psi_N = (\beta_1 \beta_s)^{1/2} \sin \psi_0 + g (\beta_1 \beta_s)^{1/2} \sin \psi_0$$

$$\boxed{(\beta_s^N)^{1/2} \sin \psi_N = (\beta_s)^{1/2} \sin \psi_0}$$

$$11 \rightarrow (\beta_s^N)^{1/2} \cos \psi_N + d, (\beta_s^N)^{1/2} \sin \psi_N = \beta_s^{1/2} \cos \psi_0 + d, \beta_s^{1/2} \sin \psi_0$$

$$\frac{(\beta_s^N - \beta_s^N \sin^2 \psi_N)^{1/2} + d, \beta_s^{1/2} \sin \psi_0}{\beta_s \sin^2 \psi_0} + g \beta_1 \beta_s^{1/2} \sin \psi_0$$

$$= \beta_s^{1/2} \cos \psi_0 + d, \beta_s^{1/2} \sin \psi_0 + g \beta_1 \beta_s^{1/2} \sin \psi_0$$