

#2

$$\Delta v = -\left(\frac{L}{2\pi}\right)^2 \frac{r_0 \lambda}{\gamma^3 \beta^2 a^2 v_0}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} N = 1.5 \times 10^{14} \\ B = 2.0 \\ L = 248 \end{array} \right\} \lambda = \frac{NB}{L}$$

$$E_0 = 1.938$$

$$v_0 = 6.2$$

$$a = 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$\Delta v = -\left(\frac{L}{2\pi}\right)^2 \frac{r_0 \lambda}{\gamma^3 \beta^2 a^2 v_0} = -\delta(\delta^2 - 1)$$

$$= -\left(\frac{L}{2\pi}\right)^2 \frac{r_0 B N_0 / L}{v_0 a_0^2} \left(\frac{a_0}{a}\right)^2 \frac{N}{N_0} \frac{1}{\delta(\delta^2 - 1)}$$

$$\beta^2 = 1 - \frac{1}{\gamma^2}$$

$$\gamma^2 \beta^2 = \gamma^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{\gamma^2}\right)$$

$$= \delta(\delta^2 - 1)$$

$$a_0 = 1 \text{ cm}$$

$$N_0 = 10^{14}$$

$$\Delta v = -\left(\frac{248}{2\pi}\right)^2 \frac{1.535 \times 10^{-18} \times 2 \times 10^{14}}{248 \times 6.2 \times 10^{-4}} \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)_{\text{cm}}$$

$$\Delta v = -3.11 \frac{1}{a_{\text{cm}}} \frac{N_{14}}{\delta(\delta^2 - 1)}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1.938}{0.938} = 2.066$$

$$a_{\text{cm}} = 3$$

$$N_{14} = 1.5$$

$$\Delta v = \frac{-3.11 \times 1.5}{3 \times 2.066 (2.066^2 - 1)}$$

$$= -0.23$$

